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Precautions

1. The printer is installed in a solid place to avoid the printer on a vibration and washing places.

2. Do not use of or storage printer, in heat and humidity and a serious pollution of local.

3. The printer's power adapter connect to a proper grounding outlet, to avoid large-scale electrical or the other power supply voltage fluctuations device cause to use the same socket

4. Avoid water or conductive material (for example: metal) into the printer

inside, the event should immediately turn off the power.

5. The printer can not print in paperless state, or it will seriously undermine the printing roller and the thermal print head.

6. If you do not use the printer a long time, please disconnect the printer power adapter power.

7. Users can not make bold to take down printer repair or remake.

8. The power adapter to use only the power adapter with random special configuration.

9.In order to ensure print quality and product life, it is suggested to use the recommended or equivalent quality thermal printing paper.

10. When plugged into the power connect cable or the data cable, please make sure the printer power is turned off.

11.Please properly keep this manual, in order to use of reference

Application Area

- ♦ Electronic Cash Register POS System Bill Print
- ♦ Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) POS Systems Bill Print
- ♦ Sports, postal services, civil aviation ticket printing
- ♦ Inquiries and service system for ticket printing
- Measuring instrument information on printing
- ♦ Tax, single-bill printing

Main Feature

- ♦ Print high-quality, low cost
- ♦ Low-noise, high-speed printing
- ♦ Support cash drawer driving
- ♦ Small and lightweight, beautiful shape
- ♦ Easy paper loading structure, reasonable structure, easy to use maintenance
- ♦ Built-in data buffer (when printing can receive print data)
- ♦ Character can enlarge print, Bold print, adjust character the line spacing printed
- ♦ Support of different densities bitmap and download of graphics printing
- ♦ Support for raster bitmap print
- ♦ In the driver printing (mode), it implement and call the hard word bank to high-speed printing
- ♦ Low power consumption,Low operating costs (no ribbons, ink cartridges)
- ♦ Compatible ESC / POS print commands set, Each print characters and font is optional (Adjust DIP switch)

Technical Parameters

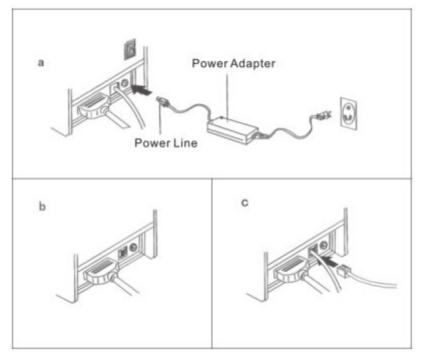
Print method	Line thermal
Print speed	160/230 /250mm / sec
Paper width	79.5 ±0.5 mm
Print Density	576 dot/line or 512 dot/line
Characters size	ANK Character, Font A: 12*24dots, FontB: 9*14dots Simplified/Traditional:24*24dots
Print Command	Compatible ESC/POS Command
Interface Type	Parallel Port/ Serial Port/ USB/Ethernet
Cutter Methods	Full or Partial cut
Reliability	100KM
Barcode Type	UPC-A/UC-E/JAN13(EAN13)/JAN8(EAN8)/CODE39/
	ITF/CODABAR/CODE93/CODE128
Printing paper thick	0.06-0.08MM
AdapterVoltage Input	AC 110V/220V, 50-60Hz
AdapterVoltage output	DC 24V/2.5A
Printer Input Voltage	DC 24V/2.5A
Cashbox Control	DC 12-24V/1A
WorkingTemperature	0-45 ℃, Humidity: 10-80%
Saving Temperature	-10-60°C, Humidity: 10-90%

The printer of connecting

a. The power adapter cable connect to the printer power interface

b、The interface cable connect on the printer port behind

 $c_{\rm N}$.The cash drawer connecting cable connect to the printer's behind the cash drawer interface



Installation of paper roll

printers use the 80 mm thermal paper rolls, and use very easy to install of paper's structure, very easy paper loading.

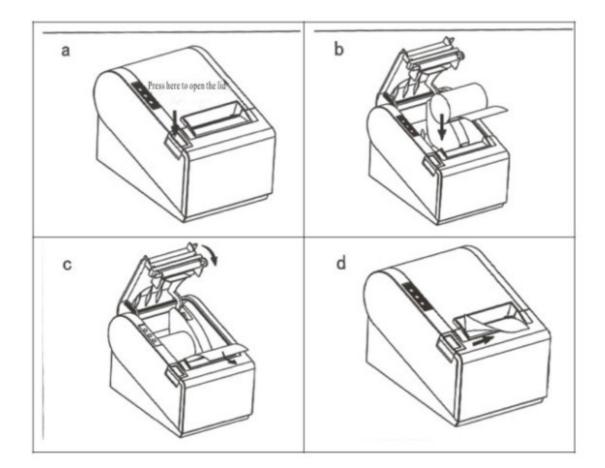
Installation of thermal paper method as follows:

a, in accordance with the direction the icon to open the printer cover.

b, in accordance with the direction the icon to install paper roll, and note the direction of the paper.

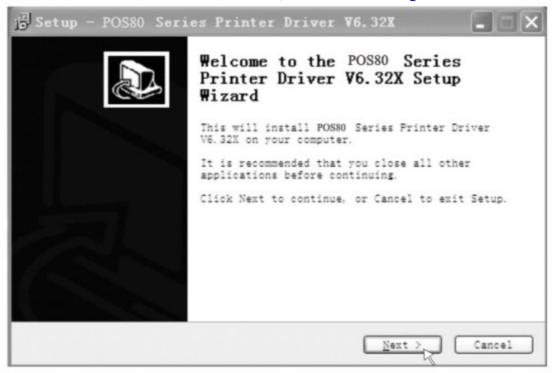
c, In accordance with the direction icon to pulled a small piece thermal paper out of the printer body external, and close the lid.

d, Closed the top lid, press and hold the middle part of printer lid, to compaction the printer lid, In order to avoid the paper roll misplace, and then tear the excess paper roll according to the icon.



Installation of Printer Drive

1) insert the driver CD, in the menu click CD files to start in Install, and click Next to continue installation, see the following icon:



2) Please read the terms of the software instructions, choose to accept and continue the installation, see the following icon:



3) Select match your computer's operating system, click Next to continue installation, see the following icon:

Select OS		×
-Select Install (C Windows 200 C Windows Vis	0 • Windows XP • Windows 2003	
C Chinese	Language @ English	
,	Back Next Cancel	

4) Select the appropriate drive name or the installation of the module, click on the end of the installation, see the following icon:

Install Module:	POS80	Series	-		
rinter Setting					
✓ Set Default	Printer				
Printer name:	POS80	Series			
Ports LPT1	ting 💌				
BaudRate 19200		StopBits 1	y	lowControl	Hardware 💌
ByteSize 8	<u></u>	Parity None	<u></u>		

Ethernet setting instructions

1, through the self-test to obtain the IP address of the machine self testing the printer(press the "feed" on the printer, don't move your hand, and also open the power of the printer, 5 seconds, move your hand off the "feed", then the printer will print and get the IP address in the paper

- 2, As the following icons to set network port
- 1) Determine the printer driver installed successfully, and click on the printer driver, select "Properties", see the following icon:

Separate Printers and Faxes	- D ×	
File Edit Verv Favorites Tools Help	27	
🔘 🗤 · 🕤 · 🍠 🔎 Search 🕑 Folders 🛛	POSSO Properties	×
Address 🍓 Printers and Faxes	General Sharing Ports Advanced Device Settings	1
Printer Tasks	Poseo	
Add a printer Set up faxing	Location:	
See Also (2) 2) Troubleshoot printing (2) Get help with printing	Comment: Modet PDS80 Features Color No Paper available:	
Other Places	Double-sided: No Printer 80(72.1) x 297 mm Staple: No	
Control Panel Scanners and Cameras	Speed Unknown Maximum resolution: 203 dpi	
p My aces	Printing Preferences. Print Test Page	
	OK. Cancel Apply	

2) Select the "Port", click "add port", as shown:

🏶 Printers and Faxes	_ 🗆 🗙	
File Edit View Pavorites Tools Help	POS80 Properties	? ×
Address Printers and Faxes Printer Tasks Add a printer	General Sharing Ports Advanced Device Settings POS80 Print to the following port(s). Documents will print to the first free	
Set up faxing	Checked port. Port Description Printer	-
See Also (8) Troubleshoot printing Get help with printing	COM2: Serial Port COM3: Serial Port COM4: Serial Port COM4: Serial Port COM1: Serial Port FILE: Print to File	
Other Places	USB Virtual printer port to USB Virtual printer port fo	
Control Panel	Add Port Delete Port Configure I Enable bidirectional support Enable printer pooling	Port
and the second	OK. Cancel	Apply

3) choose 'standar TCP/IP port'-----click "new port", as shown:

🏝 Printers and Faxes	- D X
File Edit View Pavorites Tools Help	27
Grad - O - A Psearch Problems	POS80 Properties ? X
Address	Printer Ports ? ×
Printer Tasks Posso Add a printer 0 Set up fasing Peady	Available port types: Local Port Standard ECP/nP Port
See Also	New Port Type New Port Cancel
Other Places (2) Control Panel Scanners and Cameras	USB Virtual printer port fo USB Virtual printer port fo Add Port Delete Port Configure Port
My X05	Enable bidrectional support
Same States	OK. Cancel Apply

4) according to Add Standard TCP / IP Printer Port Wizard, click Next to continue installation, as shown:



5) according to self-test print of bill IP address enter IP, and then click

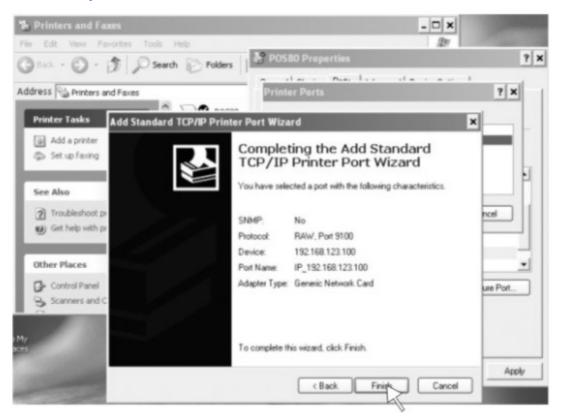
Next to continue installation, as shown:

🐁 Printers and Fax			- 🗆 ×	
	orites Tools Help		27	
George O . 6	5 Dearch De Folders	POS80 Properties		? ×
Address 🖓 Printers and		Printer Ports	? ×	
Printer Tasks	Add Standard TCP/IP Printer	Port Wizard	×	
Add a printer	Add Port For which device do you wan	t to add a port?		
See Also	Enter the Printer Name or IP a	ddress, and a port name for the desired de	wice.	1
 Troubleshoot pr Get help with pr 	Printer Name or IP Address:	192 168 123 100	ncel	
Other Places	Port Name:	IP_192.168.123.100		-
Control Panel			ure Port.	5
e My aces				
-		< Back Next>	Cancel	ply

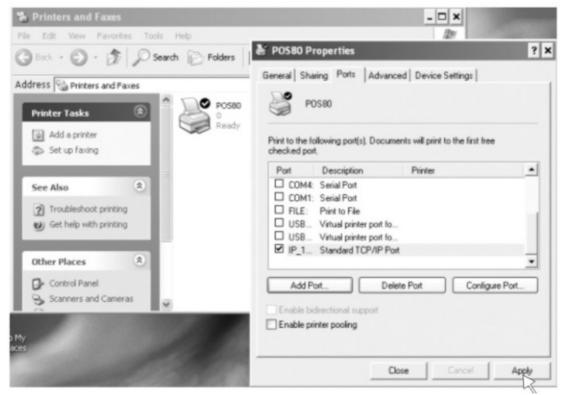
6) according to Add Standard TCP / IP Printer Port Wizard, select the device type --- the standard way, and then click Next to continue installation, as shown:

🐁 Printers and Faxe				- 🗆 ×	
File Edit View Fevr				121	
Orad . O . B	5 Dearch	Polders	POS80 Properties		? ×
Address			Printer Ports	de car l	? ×
Printer Tasks	dd Standard TC	P/IP Printer	r Port Wizard	×	
Add a printer	Additional Por The device	t Information could not be ide			
See Also Troubleshoot pr Get help with pr	1. The device is surred on.				ncel
Other Places		perform another	mect, click Back to return to the previous parameters on the network. If you are sure the		we Port_
Scanners and C	Device Type				
	Standard	Generic Netw	ork Card	~	
sNy sces	O Custom	Settings			
-			C Back Next	Cancel	Apply

7), according to Add Standard TCP / IP Printer Port Wizard, click Finish to complete the installation, as shown:



8), according to the printer driver "Properties", click the port, select the correct IP port, click Apply, you can print a test page, as shown:



Clean of printer

Whe the printer has the following conditions should clean the print head: 1. The printer does not clear

- 2. The pageframe lengthways of printer has some not clean
- 3. Paper feed has a large noise

Printer cleaning steps are as follows:

- (1) Close the printer's power, Open the Top Cover, If it have paper, please wipe off paper.
- (2) If it just complete to print, must wait for the print head cooling.
- (3) With a soft cotton cloth dipped in ethanol (to be wrung) erase the thermal printer head thermal surface dust, stains
- (4) When will wait for the complete evaporation of anhydrous ethanol after, the closed Top Cover, re-test print

Notice

- (1) Printer routine maintenance to ensure that the power is turned off
- (2) Don't use your hands and the surface of metal objects touch the printer head surface, can not use forceps and other tools to scratch the print head, printing rubber roller and the sensor surface.
- (3) Don't use gasoline, acetone and other organic solvents
- (4) When will wait for the complete evaporation of anhydrous ethanol after, then turn on the power to print

Programmer Manual

1. COMMANDS

1.1 Command Notation

- [Name] The name of the command.
- [Format] The code sequence.
- [Range] Gives the allowable ranges for the arguments.

[Description] Describes the command's function.

[Details] Describes the usage of the command in detail.

[Notes] Provides important information on setting and using the printer command, if necessary.

[Default] Gives the default values, if any, for the command parameters. [Reference] Lists related commands.

[Example] Gives examples of how to use the command.

Hex indicates the hexadecimal equivalents.

Decimal indicates the decimal equivalents.

[]k indicates the contents of the [] should be repeated k times.

1.2 Explanation of Terms

(1) Receive buffer

The receive buffer is a buffer that stores, as is, the data received from the host (the reception

data). The reception data is stored in the receive buffer temporarily, and is then processed sequentially.

(2) Print buffer

The print buffer is a buffer that stores the image data to be printed.

(3) Print buffer full

This is the state where the print buffer is full. If new print data is input while the print

buffer is

full, the data in the print buffer is printed out and a line feed is executed. This is the

same

operation as the **LF** operation.

(4) Start of line

The start of line state satisfies the following condition:

· There is no print data (including spaces and portions of data skipped due to bit

image data)

currently in the print buffer.

- There is no print data (including portions of data skipped due to HT)
- The print position is not specified by the **ESC \$** or **ESC ** command.

(5) Printable area

The maximum range within which printing is possible under the printer specifications.

The printable area for this printer is as follows:

- The length of the horizontal direction in standard mode: approximately 72.1 mm {576/203"}
- The length of the horizontal direction in page mode: approximately 72.1 mm {576/203"}
- ϑ The length of the vertical direction in page mode: approximately 117.3 mm

 $\{1662/360"\}$

(6) Printing area

Printing range is set by the command. It must be printing area δ printable area.

(7) Ignore

The state in which all codes, including parameters, are read in and discarded, and nothing happens.

(8) Inch

A unit of length. One inch is 25.4 mm.

(9) MSB

Most Significant Bit

(10) LSB

Least Significant Bit

(11) Base line

Standard position when character data is stored in the print buffer. Normal character in standard mode and page mode:

1.3. Control Commands

HT	
[Name]	Horizontal tab
[Format]	ASCII HT
	Hex 09
	Decimal 9
[Description] [Details]	 Moves the print position to the next horizontal tab position. This command is ignored unless the next horizontal tab position has been set. If the next horizontal tab position exceeds the printing area, the printer sets the printing position to [Printing area width + 1]. Horizontal tab positions are set with ESC D. If this command is received when the printing position is at [printing area width + 1], the printer executes print buffer-full printing of the current line and horizontal tab processing from the beginning of the next line. The default setting of the horizontal tab position for the paper roll is font A (12 × 24) every 8th character (9th, 17th, 25th, column).
[Reference]	ESC D

LF

[Name]	Print and line feed		
[Format]	ASCII	LF	
	Hex	0A	
	Decimal	10	
[Description]		data in the print buffer and feeds one line based on the current line	
	spacing.		
[Note]	This command sets the print position to the beginning of the line.		
[Reference]	ESC 2, ESC 3		

FF (*)

[Format]

[Name]	Print and return to standard mode in page mode				
[Format]	ASCII FF				
	Hex 0C				
	Decimal 12				
[Description]	Prints the data in the print buffer collectively and returns to standard mode.				
[Details]	 The buffer data is deleted after being printed. 				
	 The printing area set by ESC W is reset to the default setting. 				
	 The printer does not execute paper cutting. 				
	 This command sets the print position to the beginning of the line. 				
	 This command is enabled only in page mode. 				
[Reference]	ESC FF, ESC L, ESC S				
CR					
[Name]	Print and carriage return				

ASCII CR

	Hex	0D
	Decimal	13
[Description]		matic line feed is enabled, this command functions the same as LF ; matic line feed is disabled, this command is ignored.
[Details]	The autoThis corr	e print starting position to the beginning of the line. Imatic line feed is ignored with a serial interface model. Imand is set according to the DIP switch 1-1 setting with a parallel e model.
[Reference]	LF	
<u>CAN (*)</u>		
[Name]	Cancel p	print data in page mode
[Format]	ASCII	CAN

[Format]	ASCII	CAN
	Hex	18
	Decimal	24
[Description]	In page mode	e, deletes all the print data in the current printable area.
[Details]	 This common the common term 	nand is enabled only in page mode.
	 If data that 	existed in the previously specified printing area also exists in
the		
	currently s	pecified printing area, it is deleted.
[Reference]	ESC L, ESC	W

DLE EOT n (*)

[Name]	Real-time	status ti	ransmissi	ion				
[Format]	ASCII	DLE	EOT	n				
	Hex	10	04	n				
	Decimal	16	4	n				
[Range]	$1 \le n \le 4$							
[Description]	Transmits	the sele	cted prin	ter statu	s specified by n in real-time, according to			
the								
	following	parame	ters:					
	n = 1	: Transr	nit printe	r status				
	n = 2	2: Transr	nit off-line	e status				
	n = 3	8: Transr	nit error s	status				
	n = 4	: Transr	nit paper	roll sens	sor status			
[Details]	 The state 	us is trar	nsmitted v	wheneve	r the data sequence of <10>H<04>H< n>			
	(1 ≤ n ≤ 4) is rece	ived.					
	Examp	le:						
	In ESC ∗ m n∟ nн d1dk , d1=<10>H, d2=<04>H, d3=<01>H							
	 This command should not be used within the data sequence of another 							
	command	d that co	nsists of	2 or mor	e bytes.			
	Examp							
	lf you a	attempt t	o transmi	it ESC 3	n to the printer, but DTR (DSR for the			
host								
	•	, 0			n is transmitted and then DLE EOT 3			
	interrup	ots befor	e n is rec	eived, th	ne code <10>H for DLE EOT 3 is			
processed								
	as the	code for	ESC 3 <	10>H.				

	 Even though the printer is not selected using ESC = (select peripheral
device),	
	this command is effective.
	 The printer transmits the current status. Each status is represented by
onebyte	
	data.
	 The printer transmits the status without confirming whether the host
computer	
	can receive data.
	 The printer executes this command upon receiving it.
	 This command is executed even when the printer is off-line, the receive
buffer	
	is full, or there is an error status with a serial interface model.
	 With a parallel interface model, this command can not be executed when
the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	printer is busy. This command is executed even when the printer is off-line
or	
	there is an error status when DIP switch 2-1 is on with a parallel interface model.
	 When Auto Status Back (ASB) is enabled using the GS a command, the
status	
	transmitted by the DLE EOT command and the ASB status must be differentiated.

n = 1: Printer status

Bit	0ff/0n	Hex	Decimal	Function			
0	0	00	0	Not used.Fixed to Off.			
1	1	02	2	lot used.Fixed to On.			
2	0	00	0	Drawer open/close signal is LOW(connector pin3)			
	1	04	4	Drawer open/close signal is LOW(connector pin3)			
3	0	00	0	On-line			
	1	08	8	Off-line			
4	1	10	16	Not used.Fixed to On.			
5,6				Undefined.			
7	0	00	00	Not used.Fixed to Off.			

Bit	0ff/On	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	0	00	0	Not used.Fixed to Off.
1	1	02	2	Not used.Fixed to On.
2	0	00	0	Cover is closed.
	1	04	4	Cover is open.
3	0	00	0	Paper is not being fed by using the FEED button.
	1	08	8	Paper is beging fed by the FEED button.
4	1	10	16	Not used.Fixed to On.
5	0	00	0	No paper-end stop.

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	1	20	32	Printing is being stopped.		
6	0	00	0	No error.		
	1	40	64	Error occurs.		
7	0	00	0	Not used.Fixed to Off.		

n = 3: Error status

Bit	0ff/0n	Hex	Decimal	Function		
0	0	00	0	Not used.Fixed to Off.		
1	1	02	2	Not used.Fixed to On.		
2	_	_	_	Undefined.		
3	0	00	0	No auto-cutter error.		
	1	08	8	Auto-cutter error occurs.		
4	1	10	16	Not used.Fixed to On.		
5	0	00	0	No unrecoverable error.		
	1	20	32	Unrecoverable error occurs.		
6	0	00	0	No auto-recoverable error.		
	1	40	64	Auto recoverable error occurs.		
7	0	00	0	Not used.Fixed to Off.		

n = 4: Continuous paper sensor status

Bit	0ff/On	Hex	Decimal	Function			
0	0	00	0	Not used.Fixed to Off.			
1	1	02	2	Not used Fixed to On.			
2,3	0	00	0	Paper roll near-end sensor:paper adequate.			
	1	0C	12	Paper near-end is detected by the paper roll			
				near-end sensor.			
4	1	10	16	Not used.Fixed to On.			
5,6	0	00	0	Paper roll sensor:Paper present.			
	1	60	96	Paper roll end detected by paper roll senso.			
7	0	00	0	Not used.Fixed to Off.			

[Reference] DLE ENQ, GS a, GS r

DLE ENQ n (*)

[Name]	F	Real-time request to printer								
[Format]	AS	SCII	DLE	ENQ	n					
	Н	ex	10	05	n					
	D	ecimal	16	5	n					
[Range]	1 ≤	≦n ≤ 2								
[Description]	Re	sponds	to a re	quest f	rom the host computer. n specifies the requests as					
	fo	llows:								
	n	Reque	Request							
	1	Recov	Recover from an error and restart printing from the line where the error occurred							
	2 Recover from an error aft clearing the receive and print buffers									
[Details]	This command is effective only when an auto-cutter error occurs.									
	• Th	e printe	er starts	proces	ssing data upon receiving this command.					
	• Th	ie eem			ted even when the printer is off line. the reactive					

• This command is executed even when the printer is off-line, the receive

when the s off-line
3 OII-IIIIE
terface
<05>H<
consists
r the host interrupts
as the
the data ngs (by
printer can
mmand is or print
e error
he other

DLE DC4 n m t (*)

[Name]	Generate pulse at real-time								
[Format]	ASCII	DLE	DC4	n	m	t			
	Hex	10	14	n	m	t			
	Decima	al 16	20	n	m	t			
[Range]	n = 1								
	m = 0,	1							
	1 ≤ t ≤ 8	3							
[Description]	Outpu	ts the puls	e specifie	ed by t	to cor	inecto	or pin m as follows:		
	m	Connector pin							
	0	0 Drawer kick-out connector pin 2.							
	1 Drawer kick-out connector pin 5.								
Т	The pulse ON time is [t \times 100 ms] and the OFF time is [t \times 100ms].								
[Details]	• Wher	n the printe	r is in an	error s	status	when	this command is processed, this		
	comr	nand is ign	ored.						

 \bullet When the pulse is output to the connector pin specified while $\mbox{ESC}\mbox{ } p$ or \mbox{DEL}

DC4 is executed while this command is processed, this command is ignored.

- The printer executes this command upon receiving it.
- With a serial interface model, this command is executed even when the printer is off-line, the receive buffer is full, or there is an error status.
- With a parallel interface model, this command cannot be executed when the printer is busy. This command is executed even when the printer is off-line or there is an error status when DIP switch 2-1 is on.
- If print data includes the same character strings as this command, the printer performs the same operation specified by this command. The user must consider this.
- This command should not be used within the data sequence of another command that consists of 2 or more bytes.
- This command is effective even when the printer is disabled with **ESC** = (Select peripheral device).

[Reference] ESC p

ESC FF (*)

[Name]	Print data	in page	mode					
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	FF					
	Hex	1B	0C					
	Decimal	27	12					
[Description]	In page m	In page mode, prints all buffered data in the printing area collectively.						
[Details]	 This co 	 This command is enabled only in page mode. 						
	 After printing, the printer does not clear the buffered data, setting values for 							
	ESC T	and E S	SC W , a	nd the position for buffering character data.				
[Reference]	FF, ESC	L, ESC	S					

ESC SP n

[Name]	Set right-side character spacing								
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	SP	n					
	Hex	1B	20	n					
	Decimal	27	32	n					
[Range]	$0 \le n \le 255$								
[Description] or	Sets the character spacing for the right side of the character to [$n \ \square \square$ horizontal								
[Details]	 value. Wh times norm This comm This comm modes). The horizo horizontal The GS P However, t amount, ar amount. In standarc In page model 	side char en charao nal value. and does and sets ntal and v or vertical command the value nd it must d mode, th ode, the h	cters are not affe values in vertical m l motion d can cha cannot k be in ev ne horizc orizonta	acing for double-width mode is twice the normal enlarged, the right-side character spacing is n ect the setting of kanji characters. Independently in each mode (standard and page notion unit are specified by GS P . Changing the unit does not affect the current right-side spacing. ange the horizontal (and vertical) motion unit. be less than the minimum horizontal movement ven units of the minimum horizontal movement ven units of the minimum horizontal movement ontal motion unit is used. I or vertical motion unit differs in page mode, on of the printable area as follows:					

When the starting position is set to the upper left or lower right of the printable area using ESC T, the horizontal motion unit (x) is used.
 When the starting position is set to the upper right or lower left of the printable area using ESC T, the vertical motion unit (y) is used.

 The maximum right-side spacing is 255/180 inches. Any setting exceeding the maximum is converted to the maximum automatically.

[Default]	<i>n</i> = 0
[Reference]	GS P

ESC ! n

[Name]	Select print mode(s)									
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	!	n						
	Hex	1B	21	n						
	Decimal	27	33	п						
[Range]	$0 \le n \le$	255								
(D										

[Description] Selects print mode(s) using n as follows:

Bit	Off/On	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	Off	00	0	Character font A (12 $ imes$ 24).
	On	01	1	Character font B (9 $ imes$ 17).
1	-	-	-	Undefined.
2	-	-	-	Undefined.
3	Off	00	0	Emphasized mode not selected.
	On	08	8	Emphasized mode selected.
4	Off	00	0	Double-height mode not selected.
	On	10	16	Double-height mode selected.
5	Off	00	0	Double-width mode not selected.
	On	20	32	Double-width mode selected.
6	-	-	-	Undefined.
7	Off	00	0	Underline mode not selected.
	On	80	128	Underline mode selected.

[Details] size When both double-height and double-width modes are selected, quadruple

characters are printed.

- The printer can underline all characters, but can not underline the space set by **HT** or 90° clockwise rotated characters.
- The thickness of the underline is that selected by ESC -, regardless of the character size.
- When some characters in a line are double or more height, all the characters on the line are aligned at the baseline.
- ESC E can also turn on or off emphasized mode. However, the setting of the last received command is effective.

last

- ESC • can also turn on or off underline mode. However, the setting of the
- received command is effective.
 GS ! can also select character size. However, the setting of the last received command is effective.
- Emphasized mode is effective for alphanumeric and Kanji. All print modes except emphasized mode is effective only for alphanumeric.

[[]Default] *n* = 0 [Reference] **ESC -**, **ESC E**, **GS !**

ESC \$ nL nH									
[Name]	Set absolute print position								
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	\$	nL	nH				
	Hex	1B	24	nL	nH				
	Decimal	27	36	nL	nH				
[Range]	$0 \le nL \le 25$	5							
	$0 \le nH \le 25$	55							
[Description]	 Sets the distance from the beginning of the line to the position at which subsequent characters are to be printed. The distance from the beginning of the line to the print position is 								
[Details]	 The distance from the beginning of the line to the print position is [(<i>nL</i> + <i>nH</i> × 256) × ·(vertical or horizontal motion unit)] inches. Settings outside the specified printable area are ignored. The horizontal and vertical motion unit are specified by GS P. The GS P command can change the horizontal (and vertical) motion unit. However, the value cannot be less than the minimum horizontal movement amount, and it must be in even units of the minimum horizontal movement amount. In standard mode, the horizontal motion unit (x) is used. In page mode, horizontal or vertical motion unit differs depending on the starting position of the printable area as follows: When the starting position is set to the upper left or lower right of the printable area using ESC T, the horizontal motion unit (x) is used. 								
[Reference]	•	area using \$, GS G		the ve	rtical motion unit (y) is used.				

<u>ESC % n</u>

[Name]	Select/cancel user-defined character set							
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	%	n				
	Hex	1B	25	n				
	Decimal	27	37	n				
[Range]	$0 \le nL \le 255$							
[Description]	 Selects or cancels the user-defined character set. When the LSB of <i>n</i> is 0, the user-defined character set is canceled. When the LSB of <i>n</i> is 1, the user-defined character set is selected. 							
[Details]	 When the user-defined character set is canceled, the internal character set is automatically selected. <i>n</i> is available only for the least significant bit. 							
[Default] [Reference]	<i>n</i> = 0 ESC &, ES			0				

ESC & y c1 c2 [x1 d1...d(y ×·x1)]...[xk d1...d(y ×·xk)]

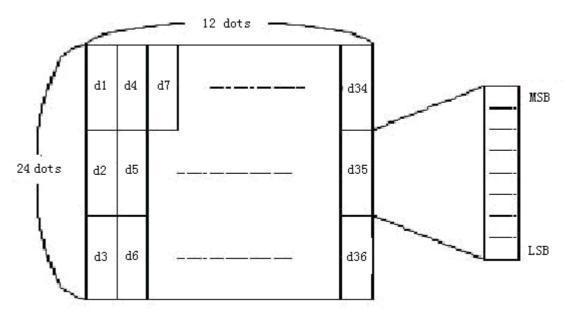
[Name]	Define user-	Define user-defined characters							
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	&	У	c1	c2 [$ imes$ 1 d1d(y $ imes$ x1)][xk d1d(y $ imes$			
xk)]									
	Hex	1B	26	у	с1	c2 [$ imes$ 1 d1d(y $ imes$ x1)][xk d1d(y $ imes$			
xk)]									
	Decimal	27	38	У	с1	c2 [$ imes$ 1 d1d(y $ imes$ x1)][xk d1d(y $ imes$			
xk)]									
[Range]	<i>y</i> = 3								
	$32 \le c1 \le c2$	2≤126							
	$0 \le x \le 12 F$	ont A (1	2 imes 2	24)					

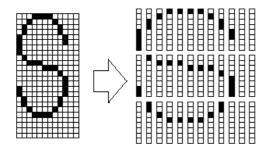
	$0 \le x \le 9$ Font B (9 \times 17)
	$0 \leq d1 \dots d(y \times xk) \leq 255$
[Description]	Defines user-defined characters.
	• y specifies the number of bytes in the vertical direction.
	• c1 specifies the beginning character code for the definition, and c2 specifies
the	
	final code.
[Details]	 <i>x</i> specifies the number of dots in the horizontal direction. The allowable character code range is from ASCII code <20>H to <7E>H (95)
[Details]	characters).
	 It is possible to define multiple characters for consecutive character codes.
	If only one character is desired, use $c1 = c2$.
	• <i>d</i> is the dot data for the characters. The dot pattern is in the horizontal direction
	from the left side. Any remaining dots on the right side are blank.
	 The data to define a user-defined character is (y × x) bytes. Set a corresponding bit to 1 to print a dot or 0 to not print a dot.
	 This command can define different user-defined character patterns by each
	fonts. To select a font, use ESC !
	 A user-defined character and a downloaded bit image cannot be defined
	simultaneously. When this command is executed, the downloaded bit image is
	cleared.The user-defined character definition is cleared when:
	(1) ESC @ is executed.
	 ESC ? is executed.
	③ FS q is executed.
	④ GS *is executed.
	5 The printer is reset or the power is turned off.
	• When the user-defined characters are defined in font B (9 $ imes$ 17), only the
most	significant bit of the 3rd byte of data in vertical direction is effective.
[Default]	The internal character set

[Reference] ESC %, ESC ?

[Example]

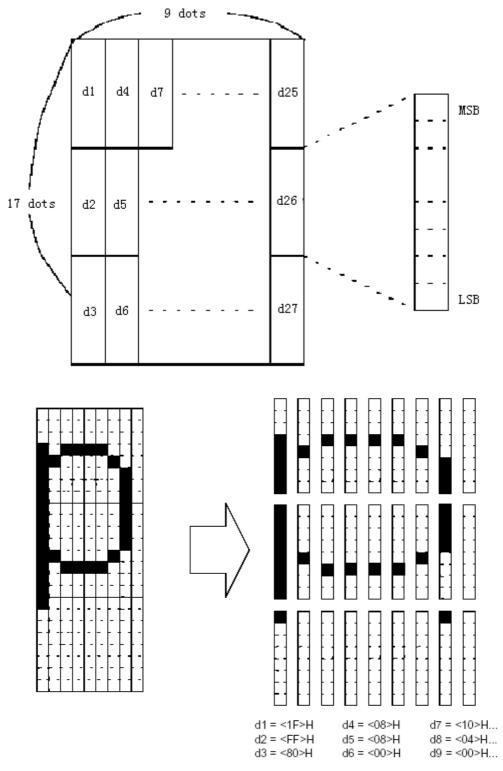
• When font A (12 imes 24) is selected.





d1= <0F>H	d4 = <30>H	d7 = <40>H
d2 = <03>H	d5 = <80>H	d8 = <40>H
d3 = <00>H	d6 = <00>H	d9 = <20>H

• When font B (9 imes 17) is selected.



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<u>ESC * m nL nH d1... dk</u>

[Name]	Select bit-	image m	ode			
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	*	т	nL	nH d1dk
	Hex	1B	2A	т	nL	nH d1dk
	Decimal	27	42	т	nL	nH d1dk
[Range]	<i>m</i> = 0, 1, 3	2, 33				
	$0 \le nL \le 2$	55				
	$0 \le nH \le 3$					
	$0 \leq d \leq 25$	5				
[Description]	Selects a la si follows:	0	e moo	de u	sing	m for the number of dots specified by <i>nL</i> and <i>nH</i> ,

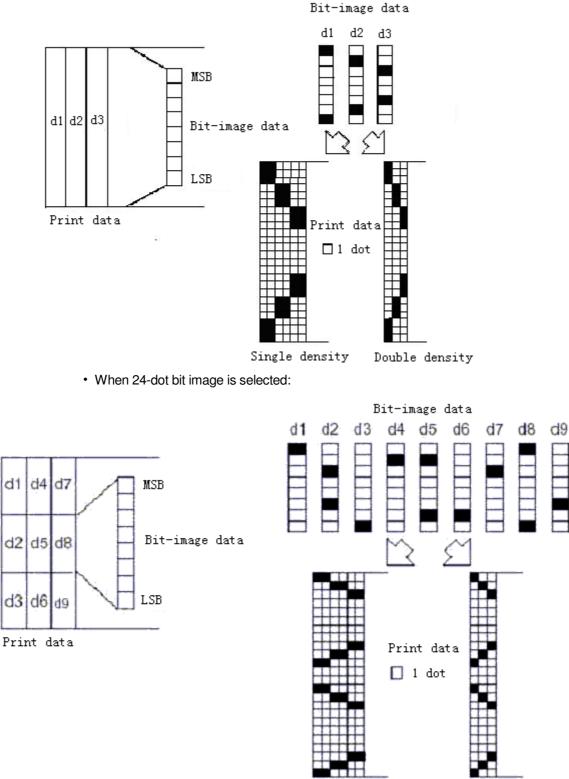
		Vertical Dire	ction	Horizontal Direction		
m	Mode	Number of	Dot Density	Dot	Number of Data	
		Dots		Density	(K)	
0	8-dot single-density	8	67 DPI	100 DPI	nL + nH $ imes$ 256	
1	8-dot double-density	8	67 DP	200 DPI	nL + nH $ imes$ 256	
32	24-dot single-density	24	200DPI	100 DPI	(nL + nH $ imes$ 256) $ imes$ 3	
33	24-dot double-density	24	200 DPI	200DPI	(nL + nH $ imes$ 256) $ imes$ 3	

[Details]

- If the values of *m* is out of the specified range, *nL* and data following are processed as normal data.
- The nL and nH indicate the number of dots of the bit image in the horizontal direction. The number of dots is calculated by $nL + nH \times 256$.
- If the bit-image data input exceeds the number of dots to be printed on a line, the excess data is ignored.
- *d* indicates the bit-image data. Set a corresponding bit to 1 to print a dot or to 0 to not print a dot.
- If the width of the printing area set by **GS L** and **GS W** less than the width required by the data sent with the **ESC *** command, the following will be performed on the line in question (but the printing cannot exceed the maximum printable area):
 - ① The width of the printing area is extended to the right to accommodate the amount of data.
 - 2 If step 1 does not provide sufficient width for the data, the left margin is reduced to accommodate the data.
- After printing a bit image, the printer returns to normal data processing mode.

• This command is not affected by print modes (emphasized, double-strike, underline, character size or white/black reverse printing), except upside-down printing mode.

- The relationship between the image data and the dots to be printed is as follows:
- When 8-dot bit image is selected:



Single density

Double density

<u>ESC – n</u>				
[Name]	Turn unde	erline mod	e on/off	
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	-	п
	Hex	1B	2D	n
	Decimal	27	45	п
[Range]	$0 \le n \le 2, 4$	48 ≤ <i>n</i> ≤ 5	0	

[Description]	Turns underline mode on or off, based on the following values of <i>n</i> :								
	n	Function							
	0, 48	Turns off underline mode							
	1, 49	Turns on underline mode (1-dot thick)							
	2, 50	Turns on underline mode (2-dots thick)							
[Details] spacing),	• The	he printer can underline all characters (including right-side character							
		annot underline the space set by HT.							
white/black	• The p	rinter cannot underline 90 · · clockwise rotated characters and							
	 When follow mode Change Under that the second second	ed characters. In underline mode id turned off by setting the value of n to 0 or 48, the ing data is not underlined, and the underline thickness set before the is turned off does not change. The default underline thickness is 1 dot. ging the character size does not affect the current underline thickness. line mode can also be turned on or off by using ESC ! . Note, however, ne last received command is effective.							
[Default]	<i>n</i> = 0								
[Reference]	ESC !								

ESC 2			
[Name]	Select defa	ult line spa	acing
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	2
	Hex	1B	32
	Decimal	27	50
[Description]	Selects 1/6	-inch line	(approximately 4.23mm) spacing.
[Details]	 The line s 	pacing ca	n be set independently in standard mode and in page
mode.			
[Reference]	ESC 3		

ESC 3 n

<u>L00 3 //</u>								
[Name]	Set line sp	acing						
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	3	n				
	Hex	1B	33	n				
	Decimal	27	51	n				
[Range]	0 ≤ <i>n</i> ≤ 255	5						
[Description] [Details] mode.	 Sets the line spacing to [n × vertical or horizontal motion unit] inches. The line spacing can be set independently in standard mode and in page The horizontal and vertical motion unit are specified by GS P. Changing the horizontal or vertical motion unit does not affect the current line spacing. The GS P command can change the horizontal (and vertical) motion unit. However, the value cannot be less than the minimum vertical movement amount, and it must be in even units of the minimum vertical movement amount. In standard mode, the vertical motion unit (y) is used. In page mode, this command functions as follows, depending on the starting position of the printable area: When the starting position is set to the upper left or lower right of the printable area using ESC T, the vertical motion unit (y) is used. 							

able area using **ESC T**, the horizontal motion unit (x) is used.

• The maximum paper feed amount is 1016 mm (40 inches). Even if a paper feed amount of more than 1016 mm (40 inches) is set, the printer feeds the paper only 1016 mm (40 inches).

[Reference] ESC 2, GS P

$E_{3}U = II$ ()

[Name]	Set	t periphera	l device			
[Format]	AS	CII E	SC =	= n		
	Hex	1B	3D	n		
	Decim	nal 27	61	п		
[Range]	1 ≤	□ <i>n</i> ≤ □25	5			
[Description]	Sel	ects devic	e to whic	ch host com	nputer sends data, us	sing <i>n</i> as follows:
	Bit	Off/On	Hex	Decimal	Function	
	0	Off	00	0	Printer disabled	
	0	On	01	1	Printer enabled	
	1-7	-	-	-	Undefined	
[Details]	□□Whe	n the prin	ter is dis	abled, it igr	nores all data except	for error-recovery
	commar	nds (DLE I	EOT, DL	E ENQ, DL	E DC4) until it is ena	abled by this
	commar	nd.				
[Default]	<i>n</i> = 1					

ESC ? n

[Name]	Cancel us	er-defined	characte	ers				
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	?	п				
	Hex	1B	ЗF	п				
	Decimal	27	63	п				
[Range]	$32 \le n \le 12$	26						
[Description]	Cancels u	ser-define	d charact	ters.				
[Details]	<i>n</i>. After tthe interThis con selectedIf a user	 This command cancels the pattern defined for the character code specified by <i>n</i>. After the user-defined characters is canceled, the corresponding pattern for the internal character is printed. This command deletes the pattern defined for the specified code in the font selected by ESC !. If a user-defined character has not been defined for the specified character code, the printer ignores this command. 						
[Reference]	ESC &, ESC	C %						
ESC @								
ESC @								

[Name]	Initialize p	orinter				
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	@			
	Hex	1B	40			
	Decimal	27	64			
[Description]	Clears the data in the print buffer and resets the printer mode to the mode that					
	was in effect when the power was turned on.					
[Details]	 The DIP switch settings are not checked again. The data in the receive buffer is not cleared. The macro definition is not cleared. The NV bit image data is not cleared. 					

[[]Default] Line spacing equivalent to approximately 4.23mm (1/6 inches).

The data of the user NV memory is not cleared.

<u>ESC D <i>n1</i></u>	nk NUL									
[Name]	Set horizo	Set horizontal tab positions								
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	D	n1nk	NUL					
	Hex	1B	44	n1nk	00					
	Decimal	27	68	n1nk	0					
[Range]	1 ≤ <i>n</i> ≤ 255	5								
	$0 \le k \le 32$									
[Description]	Sets horizo	ontal tab p	ositions.							
	beginnin	 n specifies the column number for setting a horizontal tab position from the beginning of the line. 								
	 k indicate 	es the tota	al numbe	r of horizont	al tab positions to be set.					
[Details]	 measure right-side width of r This com When se Up to 32 processe Transmi When [r finished a ESC D N The prev characte 	 The horizontal tab position is stored as a value of [character width X n] measured from the beginning of the line. The character width includes the right-side character spacing, and double-width characters are set with twice the width of normal characters. This command cancels the previous horizontal tab settings. When setting n = 8, the print position is moved to column 9 by sending HT. Up to 32 tab positions (k = 32) can be set. Data exceeding 32 tab positions is processed as normal data. Transmit [n] k in ascending order and place a NUL code 0 at the end. When [n] k is less than or equal to the preceding value [n] k-1, tab setting is finished and the following data is processed as normal data. ESC D NUL cancels all horizontal tab positions. The previously specified horizontal tab positions do not change, even if the character width changes. The character width is memorized for each standard and page mode. 								
[Default]	The defau		tions are		of 8 characters (columns 9, 17, 25,) for					
[Reference]	HT									

ESC E n

Turn emphasized mode on/off							
ASCII ESC E n							
Hex	1B	45	n				
Decimal	27	69	n				
0 • • n • • 2	255						
Turns empl	nasized m	node on	or off				
When the	e LSB of	n is 0, e	mphasized mode is turned off.				
When the	e LSB of	n is 1, e	mphasized mode is turned on.				
 Only the least significant bit of n is enabled. 							
• This command and ESC ! turn on and off emphasized mode in the same							
Be careful when this command is used with ESC !.							
n = 0							
ESC !							
	ASCII Hex Decimal 0 · ·n · ·2 Turns empl • ·When th • ·When th • ·Only th • ·Only th • ·This con Be carefu n = 0	ASCII ESC Hex 1B Decimal 27 $0 \cdot n \cdot 255$ Turns emphasized m \cdot When the LSB of \cdot When the LSB of \cdot Only the least sig \cdot Only the least sig \cdot This command an Be careful when the n = 0	ASCII ESC E Hex 1B 45 Decimal 27 69 $0 \cdot n \cdot 255$ Turns emphasized mode on \cdot When the LSB of n is 0, e \cdot When the LSB of n is 1, e \cdot Only the least significant \cdot This command and ESC Be careful when this comm n = 0				

<u>ESC G n</u>

[Format]	ASCII	ESC	G	n			
	Hex	1B	47	n			
	Decimal	27	71	n			
[Range]	$0 \le n \le 255$	5					
[Description]	 Turns double-strike mode on or off. When the LSB of <i>n</i> is 0, double-strike mode is turned off. When the LSB of <i>n</i> is 1, double-strike mode is turned on. 						
[Details]	 Only the lowest bit of <i>n</i> is enabled. Printer output is the same in double-strike mode and in emphasized mode. 						
[Default]	<i>n</i> = 0						
[Reference]	ESC E						

ESC J n

[Name]	Print and f	eed pape							
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	J	n					
	Hex	1B	4A	п					
	Decimal	27	74	n					
[Range]	0 ≤ <i>n</i> ≤ 255								
[Description]	Prints the or motion uni		e print bu	iffer and feeds the paper [$n imes$ vertical or horizontal					
[Details]	beginnin	g of the lir	ne.	d, this command sets the print starting position to the					
	• The paper feed amount set by this command does not affect the values set by ESC 2 or ESC 3.								
	 The horizontal and vertical motion unit are specified by GS P. 								
	• The GS P command can change the vertical (and horizontal) motion unit.								
	However, the value cannot be less than the minimum vertical movement amount, and it must be in even units of the minimum vertical movement amount.								
		ard mode,	the print	ter uses the vertical motion unit (y).					
	 In page mode, this command functions as follows, depending on the starting position of the printable area: 								
	 When the starting position is set to the upper left or lower right of the printable area using ESC T, the vertical motion unit (y) is used. 								
	② When the starting position is set to the upper right or lower left of the print able area using ESC T, the horizontal motion unit (x) is used.								
	 The max 	imum line	spacing	is 1016mm (40 inches). When the setting value s converted to the maximum automatically.					
[Reference]	GS P		nonn, it k	source to the maximum automationly.					
ESC L (*)									
Name]	Select p	age mode	Э						
Format]	ASCII	ESC	L						
-	Hex	1B	4C						

	Hex	18	4C
	Decimal	27	76
[Description]	Switches	from sta	andard mode to page mode.
[Details]	 This co 	ommanc	d is enabled only when processed at the beginning of a line
in			
	standar	d mode	э.
	 This corr 	nmand h	has no effect in page mode.

• After printing by **FF** is completed or by using **ESC S**, the printer returns to standard mode.

specified	• This command sets the position where data is buffered to the position
-	by ESC T within the printing area defined by ESC W.
	This command switches the settings for the following commands (in which
the	
those for	values can be set independently in standard mode and page mode) to
	page mode:
	① Set right-side character spacing: ESC SP, FS S
	② Select default line spacing: ESC 2, ESC 3
	• Only valve settings is possible for the following commands in page mode;
these	
	commands are not executed. ① •Turn 90° clockwise rotation mode on/off: ESC V
	(2) • Select justification: ESC a
	③ •Turn upside-down printing mode on/off: ESC {
	④ •Set left margin: GS L
	⑤ •Set printable area width: GS W
	 The following command is ignored in page mode:
	① •Execute test print: GS (A
	The following command is not available in page mode:
	 Print NV bit image: FS p Define NV bit image: FS q
	③ Write to user NV memory: FS g 1
	$(4) \cdot Print raster bit image: GS v 0$
	• The printer returns to standard mode when power is turned on, the printer
is	
	reset, or ESC @ is used.
[Reference]	FF, CAN, ESC FF, ESC S, ESC T, ESC W, GS \$, GS $\$

ESC M n (*)

[Name]	Select	Select character font							
[Format]	ASCII	E	SC	М	n				
	Hex	1	В	4D	n				
	Decim	al 2	27	77	n				
[Range]	n = 0, 1	n = 0, 1, 48, 49							
[Description]	Selects	character	fonts.						
	n	Function							
	0,48	Character font A (12×24) selected.							
	1,49	,49 Character font B (9×17) selected.							

ESC R n

[Name]	Select an	internati	onal c	haracter set
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	R	n
	Hex	1B	52	n

	Decimal	27 82 n
[Range]	0 ≤ <i>n</i> ≤ 15	5
[Description]	Selects a	n international character set <i>n</i> from the following table:
	n	Character
	0	U.S.A.
	1	France
	2	Germany
	3	U.K.
	4	Denmark
	5	Sweden
	6	Italy
	7	Spain
	8	Japan
	9	Norway
	10	Denmark
	11	Spain
	12	Latin
	13	Korea
	14	Slovenia/Croatia
	15	Chinese
	The ch	naracter sets for Slovenia/Croatia and China are supported only in the
	Simplif	ied Chinese model.
[Default]	Simplifi	ed Chinese model: <i>n</i> = 15

Models other than the Simplified Chinese model: n = 0

[Name]	Select stan	dard mode	e					
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	S					
	Hex	1B	53					
	Decimal	27	83					
[Description]	Switches fro	om page m	node to standard mode.					
[Details]	 This com 	mand is e	effective only in page mode.					
	 Data buffered in page mode are cleared. 							
	 This command sets the print position to the beginning of the line. 							
	 The printing area set by ESC W are initialized. 							
 This command switches the settings for the following commands (in 								
the								
	values c	an be set i	independently in standard mode and page mode) to					
those for								
	standard	mode:						
	① Set rig	ht-side ch	naracter spacing: ESC SP, FS S					
	 Select 	default lin	ne spacing: ESC 2, ESC 3					
	 The follow 	wing comn	mands are enabled only to set in standard mode.					
	① Set pr	inting area	a in page mode: ESC W					
	 Select 	print direc	ction in page mode: ESC T					
	 The follow 	wing comn	mands are ignored in standard mode.					

- ① Set absolute vertical print position in page mode: GS \$
- 2 Set relative vertical print position in page mode: $\mathbf{GS} \setminus$
- Standard mode is selected automatically when power is turned on, the

printer is

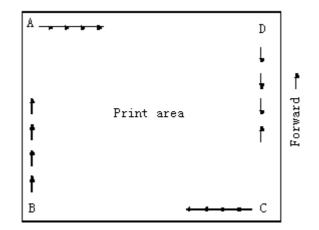
[Reference] reset, or command ESC @ is used. [Reference] FF, ESC FF, ESC L

ESC T n (*)

[Name]	Select prin	Select print direction in page mode						
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	Т	n				
	Hex	1B	54	n				
	Decimal	27	84	n				
[Range]	$0 \le n \le 3$							
	$48 \le n \le 5^{-1}$	1						
[Description]	Selects the	e print di	rection	and	d starting position in page mode.			

n specifies the print direction and starting position as follows:

n	Print Direction	Starting Position
0, 48	Left to right	Upper left
1, 49	Bottom to top	Lower left
2, 50	Right to left	Lower right
3, 51	Top to bottom	Upper right



- [Details] When the command is input in standard mode, the printer executes only internal flag operation. This command does not affect printing in standard mode.
 - This command sets the position where data is buffered within the printing

area

data

set by ESC W.

- Parameters for horizontal or vertical motion units (x or y) differ as follows, depending on the starting position of the printing area:
 - ① If the starting position is the upper left or lower right of the printing area,

is buffered in the direction perpendicular to the paper feed direction: Commands using horizontal motion units: ESC SP, ESC \$, ESC $\$ Commands using vertical motion units: ESC 3, ESC J, GS \$, GS $\$

	2 If the starting position is the upper right or lower left of the printing area,
data	
	is buffered in the paper feed direction:
	Commands using horizontal motion units: ESC 3, ESC J, GS \$, GS \
	Commands using vertical motion units: ESC SP, ESC \$, ESC \
[Default]	n = 0
[Reference]	ESC \$, ESC L, ESC W, ESC GS \$, GS P, GS \

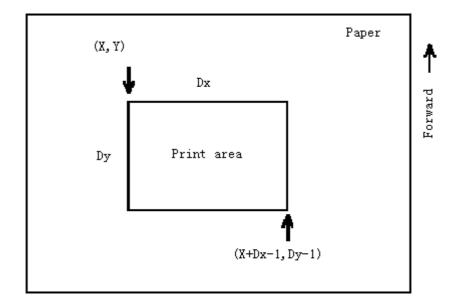
ESC V n (*)

<u>ESCVN</u>	<u>^)</u>									
[Name]	Turn 90° clo	ockwise i	rotation n	node or	ז/off					
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	V	n						
	Hex	1B	56	n						
	Decimal	27	86	n						
[Range]	$0 \le n \le 1$,	48 ≤ n ≤	49							
[Description]	Turns 90°	clockwise	e rotation	n mode	on/off					
	n is used	as follow	/s:							
	n	Functio	on							
	0, 48 Turns off 90° clockwise rotation mode									
	1, 49	1, 49 Turns on 90° clockwise rotation mode								
[Details]	This corr	• This command affects printing in standard mode. However, the setting is								
	always ef	fective.								
	 When und 	erline mo	ode is tur	ned on	, the prir	nter do	es not	underli	ine 90°	0
	clockwise-rotated.									
	 Double-width and double-height commands in 90° rotation mode enlarge 									
	characters in the opposite directions from double-height and double- width									
	command	ls in norr	nal mode).						
[Default]	n = 0									
[Reference]	ESC !, ES	C –								
				- (+)						

ESC W xL xH yL yH dxL dxH dyL dyH (*)

[Name]	Set printing area in page mode										
[Format]	ASC II	ESC	W	хL	хH	уL	yН	dxL	dxH	dyL	dyH
	Hex	1B	57	хL	хH	уL	уH	dxL	dxH	dyL	dyH
	Decimal	27	87 >	кL	xH y	L y	'H d	xL d	xH d	lyL o	dyH
[Range] dyH=0)	$0 \leq$ xL, xH, yL, yH, dxL, dxH, dyL, dyH \leq 255 (except dxL= dxH=0 or dyL=										
[Description]	 The horizontal starting position, vertical starting position, printing area width, and printing area height are defined as x0, y0, dx (inch), dy (inch), 										
respectively.											
	Each setting for the printing area is calculated as follows:										
	$x0 = [(xL + xH \times 256) \times (horizontal motion unit)]$										
	$y0 = [(yL + yH \times 256) \times (vertical motion unit)]$										
	$dx = [dxL + dxH \times 256] \times (horizontal motion unit)]$										
	dy = [dyL + dyH \times 256] \times (vertical motion unit)]										
	The printing area is set as shown in the figure below.										
[Details]	 If this command is input in standard mode, the printer executes only internal 										

	flag operation. This command does not affect printing in standard mode.
	• If the horizontal or vertical starting position is set outside the printable area,
the	
	printer stops command processing and processes the following data as
normal	
	data.
	• If the printing area width or height is set to 0, the printer stops command
	processing and processes the following data as normal data.
	 This command sets the position where data is buffered to the position
specified	
	by ESC T within the printing area.
	• If (horizontal starting position + printing area width) exceeds the printable
area,	
	the printing area width is automatically set to (horizontal printable area - horizontal starting position).
	• If (vertical starting position + printing area height) exceeds the printable area,
	the printing area height is automatically set to (vertical printable area -
vertical	
	starting position).
	• The horizontal and vertical motion unit are specified by GS P . Changing the
	horizontal or vertical motion unit does not affect the current printing area.
	• The GS P command can change the horizontal (and vertical) motion unit.
	However, the value cannot be less than the minimum horizontal movement
	amount, and it must be in even units of minimum horizontal movement
amount.	
	• Use the horizontal motion unit (x) for setting the horizontal starting position
and	
	printing area width, and use the vertical motion unit (y) for setting the
vertical	
	starting position and printing area height.
	When the horizontal starting position, vertical starting position, printing area
	width, and printing area height are defined as X, Y, Dx, and Dy respectively,
the	
	printing area is set as shown in the figure below.



• This printable area for this printer is approximately 72 mm in the horizontal direction and approximately 117.3 mm (1662/360 inches) in the vertical

direction.

[Default] xL = xH = yL = yH = 0

dxL = 0, dxH = 2, dyL = 126, dyH = 6

[Reference] CAN, ESC L, ESC T, GS P

sing the
nL + nH imes 256)
e the
N $ imes$ •horizontal
notion unit.
al movement
l movement
ollows,

depending on the starting point of the printing area:

When the starting position is set to the upper left or lower right of the printable area using **ESC T**, the horizontal motion unit (x) is used.
 When the starting position is set to the upper right or lower left of the printable area using **ESC T**, the vertical motion unit (y) is used.

[Reference] ESC \$, GS P

ESC a n

[Name]	Select justi	fication			
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	а	n	
	Hex	1B	61	n	
	Decimal	27	97	n	
[Range]	$0 \le n \le 2, 48$	8 ≤ n ≤ 50			
[Description]	Aligns all th	e data in	one lin	e to the specified	position
	n selects th	e justificat	tion as	follows:	
	n	Justifica	tion		
	0,48	Left justi	fication	1	
	1, 49	Centerin	g		
	2, 50	Right jus	tificatio	on	
[Details]	• The comm	nand is er	abled	only when proces	sed at the beginning of the line
in					
	standard	mode.			
	 If this com 	imand is i	nput in	page mode, the p	printer performs only internal
flag					
	operation	IS.			
	 This comr 	nand has	no effe	ect in page mode.	
				ustification in the p	-
		nand justi	fies the	e space area acco	ording to HT, ESC \$ or ESC \.
[Default]	n = 0				
[Example]					
Left	justificat:	ion		Centering	Right justification
ABC				ABC	ABC
ABCD ABCD	I			ABCD ABCDE	ABCD ABCDE
L					

ESC c 3 n (*)

[Name]	Sele	ect pape	er sensor	(s) to	out	put paper o	end signals
[Format]	/	ASCII	ESC	с	3	n	
		Hex	1B	63	33	n	
		Decima	al 27	99	51	1 <i>n</i>	
[Range]		$0 \le n \le$	255				
[Description]	5	Selects	the pape	r sens	sor(s	s) to outpu	t paper end signals
	• [Each bi	t of <i>n</i> is u	sed a	s fo	llows:	
		Bit (Off/On	Hex		Decimal	Function
			Off	00		0	Paper roll near-end sensor disabled
		0	Dn	01		1	Paper roll near-end sensor enabled

4	Off	00	0	Paper roll end sensor disabled
	On	02	2	Paper roll near-end sensor enabled
0	Off	00	0	Paper roll end sensor disabled
2	On	04	4	Paper roll near-end sensor enabled
	Off	00	0	Paper roll end sensor disabled
3	On	08	8	Paper roll near-end sensor enabled
4-7	-	-	-	Undefined

[Details]

- It is possible to select multiple sensors to output signals. Then, if any of the sensors detects a paper end, the paper end signal is output.
 - The command is available only with a parallel interface and is ignored with a serial interface.
 - Sensor is switched when executing this command. The paper end signal switching be delayed depending on the receive buffer state.
 - If either bit 0 or bit 1 is on, the paper roll near-end sensor is selected as the paper sensor outputting paper-end signals
 - If either bit 2 or bit 3 is on, the paper roll end sensor is selected as the paper sensor outputting paper-end signals.
 - When all the sensors are disabled, the paper end signal always outputs a paper present status.

ESC c 4 n (*)

[Name]	Sele	ct paper se	ensor(s) t	o stop	printin	ng
[Format]	ASC	II ESC	C C	4	n	
	Hex	1B	63	34	п	
	Dec	imal 27	99	52	n	
[Range]	0 ≤ /	n≤255				
[Description]	Sele	ects the paper	oer sens	or(s) u	sed to	stop printing when a paper-end is
	dete	cted, using	g <i>n</i> as fol	lows:		
	Bit	Off/On	Hex	Deci	mal	Function
	0	Off	00	0		Paper roll near-end sensor disabled
	0	On	01	1		Paper roll near-end sensor enabled
		Off	00	0		Paper roll end sensor disabled
	1	On	02	2		Paper roll near-end sensor enabled
	2-7	-	-	-		Undefined
[Details]	• When	a paper se	ensor is e	enable	d with	this command, printing is stopped only
	whe	n the corre	sponding	g pape	r is se	lected for printing.
	• Whe	n a paper-	end is de	etectec	d by th	e paper roll sensor, the printer goes
	offli	ne after pri	nting sto	ps.		
	• Whe	n either bit	0 or 1 is	on, th	ie prin	ter selects the paper roll near-end
	sens	sor for the p	oaper se	nsor to	o stop	printing.
[Default]	<i>n</i> = 0					

<u>ESC C 5 n</u>

[Name]	Enable/disa	able panel b	outtons		
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	с	5	n
	Hex	1B	63	35	n

	Decimal	27	99	53	n	
[Range]	0 ≤ <i>n</i> ≤ 255					
[Description]	 When the 		s Ö, the	panel	ons. el buttons are enabled. el buttons are disabled.	
[Details]	 Only the When the cover is c In this pri In the mature 	e lowest bit of e panel butto closed. nter, the pa cro ready m	of n is v ons are nel butt node, tl	alid. disab tons ar ne FEE	bled, none of them are usable when the print are the FEED button. ED button are enabled regardless of the rer, the paper cannot be fed by using these	ter
[Default]	<i>n</i> = 0					

ESC d n

[Name]	Print and f	eed <i>n</i> lines		
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	d	n
	Hex	1B	64	п
	Decimal	27	100	n
[Range]	0≤n≤255	5		
[Description]	Prints the o	data in the I	print buf	fer and feeds n lines.
[Details]	 This corr The max amount (nmand does imum pape (<i>nx</i> line spa	s not affe er feed a acing) of	nt starting position to the beginning of the line. ect the line spacing set by ESC 2 or ESC 3 . mount is 1016 mm (40 inches). If the paper feed more than 1016 mm (40 inches) is specified, the 1016 mm (40 inches).
[Reference]	ESC 2, ESC	C 3		

ESC p m t1 t2

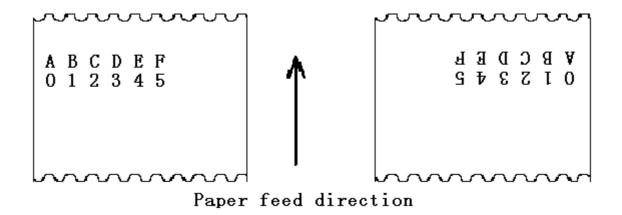
<u> LOO p III</u>						
[Name]	Generate	pulse				
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	р	т	t1	t2
	Hex	1B	70	т	t1	t2
	Decimal	27	112	т	t1	t2
[Range]	<i>m</i> = 0, 1, -	48, 49				
	0 ≤ <i>t</i> 1 ≤ 2	55, 0≤ <i>t2</i> ⊴	≤255			
[Description]	Outputs t	ne pulse s	pecified	by t1 a	and	2 to connector pin m as follows:
	m	Connect	or pin			
	0, 48	Drawer k	ick-out c	onnec	tor p	bin 2.
	1, 49	Drawer k	ick-out c	onnec	tor p	bin 5.
[Details]	• The pu	ulse ON tir	ne is [<i>t1</i>	imes2	ms]	and the OFF time is [$t_2 imes 2$ ms].
	• If <i>t2 < t</i> :	I, the OFF	time is [t1x 2	ms]	
[Reference]	DLE DC4	ļ.				
ESC t n						
[Name]	Select ch	aracter co	de table	;		
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	t n	1		
	Hex	1B	74 n			
	Decimal	27	116 <i>i</i>	ר		
[Range]	$0 \le n \le 10, -$	l6 ≤ <i>n</i> ≤ 2	1			
[Description]	Selects a p	age <i>n</i> fro	m the ch	aracte	ər co	ode table.
	n	Pa	ge			

0	PC437 [U.S.A.Standard Europe]
1	Katakana
2	PC850:Multilingual
3	PC860:Portuguese
4	PC863 [Canadian French]
5	PC865:Nodic
6	West Europe
7	Greek
8	Hebrew
9	PC755:East Europe
10	Iran
16	WPC1252
17	PC866:Cyrillic#2
18	PC852:Latin2
19	PC858
20	Iranll
21	Latvian

[Default]

ESC { n

[Name]	Turns on/o	off upsic	de-dov	vn printing mode
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	{	n
	Hex	1B	7B	n
	Decimal	27	123	n
[Range]	0 ≤ n ≤ 25	55		
[Description]	Turns up:	side-dov	wn prir	nting mode on or off.
	 When the 	ne LSB	of n is	0, upside-down printing mode is turned off.
	 When the 	ne LSB	of n is	1, upside-down printing mode is turned on.
[Details]	 Only the 	ne lowe	st bit c	of n is valid.
	 This cor 	nmand	is ena	bled only when processed at the beginning of a line
in				
	standa	rd mode	Э.	
	 When the 	nis com	mand	is input in page mode, the printer performs only
internal				
	flag ope	erations	5.	
	 This cor 	nmand	does i	not affect printing in page mode.
	 In upsid 	e-down	printir	ng mode, the printer rotates the line to be printed by
180°				
	and the	en prints	s it.	
[Default]	n = 0			
[Example]				



FSpnm	(*)									
[Name]	Print NV bit image									
[Format]	ASCII	FS	р	n	т					
[i official]	Hex	1C		n	m					
	Decima			n	m					
[Range]	0 ≤ n ≤ 2									
		3 , 48 ≤ <i>n</i>	n≤51							
[Description]		-		sing	the mode specified	by <i>m</i> .				
	m	Mode		Ve	rtical Dot Density	Horizontal Dot Density				
	0, 48	Normal		20	0 dpi	200 dpi				
	1, 49	Double-v	vidth	20	0 dpi	100 dpi				
	2, 50 Double-height			10	0 dpi	200 dpi				
	3, 51 Quadruple 100 dpi 100 dpi									
	[dpi: dots per 25.4 mm {1"}]									
	 n is the number of the NV bit image (defined using the FS q command). 									
	• <i>m</i> specif	ies the bit	image	mo	ode.					
[Details]	 NV bit in 	 NV bit image means a bit image which is defined in a non-volatile memory by 								
	•	•	printed by FS p .							
	 This command is not effective when the specified NV bit image has not been defined. 									
	 In standard mode, this command is effective only when there is no data in the print buffer. 									
	• In page i	mode, this	s comn	nanc	d is not effective.					
	• This command is not affected by print modes (emphasized, double-strike, underline, character size, white/black reverse printing, or 90° rotated characters, etc.), except upside-down printing mode.									
	 If the p than o line in dot in means 51). 	rinting are ne vertica question. normal m s 2 dots in	ea widt Il line, f Howe ode (<i>m</i> double	h se the f ver, ⊨0, è-wi	et by GS L and GS W following processing in NV bit image mod 48) and in double-he dth mode (<i>m</i> =1, 49) a	for the NV bit image is less is performed only on the e, one vertical line means 1 hight mode ($m=2$, 50), and it and in quadruple mode($m=3$,				
	1)The	printing a	area wi	dth	is extended to the rig	ht in NV bit image mode up				

to one line vertically. In this case, printing does not exceed the printable area.

- ②If the printing area width cannot be extended by one line vertically, the left margin is reduced to accommodate one line vertically.
- If the downloaded bit-image to be printed exceeds one line, the excess data is not printed.
- This command feeds dots (for the height *n* of the NV bit-image) in normal and double-widthmodes, and (for the height *n* · 2 of the NV bit-image) in double-height and quadruple modes,regardless of the line spacing specified by ESC 2 or ESC 3.
- After printing the bit image, this command sets the print position to the beginning of the lineand processes the data that follows as normal data.
 [References] ESC , FS q, GS /, GS v 0

FS q n [xL xH yL yH d1...dk]1...[xL xH yL yH d1...dk]n (*)

[Name]	Define NV bit image										
[Format]	ASCII FS q n [xL xH yL yH d1dk]1[xL xH yL yH d1dk]n										
	Hex 1C 71 n [xL xH yL yH d1dk]1[xL xH yL yH d1dk]n										
	Decimal 28 113 <i>n [xL xH yL yH d1dk]1[xL xH yL yH d1dk]n</i>										
[Range]	$0 \le n \le 255$										
	$0 \le xL \le 255$										
	0 ≤ xH ≤ 3 (when 1 ≤ (xL + xH × 256) ≤ 1023)										
	$0 \le yL \le 255$										
	$0 \le yL \le 1$ (when $1 \le (yL + yH \times 256) \le 288$)										
	$0 \le d \le 255$										
	$k = (xL + xH \times 256) \times (yL + yH \times 256) \times 8$										
	Total defined data area = $0.5M$ bits (64K bytes)										
[Description]	Define the NV bit image specified by n.										
	 n specifies the number of the defined NV bit image. 										
	• <i>xL</i> , <i>xH</i> specifies (<i>xL</i> + <i>xH</i> \times 256) \times 8 dots in the horizontal direction										
	for the NV bit image you are defining.										
	• <i>yL</i> , <i>yH</i> specifies (<i>yL</i> + <i>yH</i> \times 256) \times 8 dots in the vertical direction for th										
	NV bit image you are defining.										
[Details]	• This command cancels all NV bit images that have already been defined by										
	this command. The printer can not redefine only one of several data										
	definitions previously defined. In this case, all data needs to be sent again.										
	• From the beginning of the processing of this command till the finish of										
	hardware reset, mechanical operations (including initializing the position of										
	the printer head when the cover is open, paper feeding by using the FEED										
	button, etc.) cannot be performed.										
	• During processing this command, the printer is in BUSY when writing the										
	data to the NV user memory and stops receiving data. Therefore it is										
	prohibitted to transmit the data including the real-time commands during th										
	execution of this command.										
	• NV bit image means a bit image which is defined in a non-volatile memory										
	by FS q and printed by FS p .										
	• In standard mode, this command is effective only when processed at the										
	Visit Our Website www										

beginning of the line.

- In page mode, this command is not effective.
 - This command is effective when 7 bytes <FS<yH> is processed as a normal value.
 - When the amount of data exceeds the capacity left in the range defined by *xL*, *xH*, *yL*, *yH*, the printer processes *xL*, *xH*, *yL*, *yH* out of the defined range.
 - In the first group of NV bit images, when any of the parameters *xL*, *xH*, *yL*, *yH* is out of the definition range, this command is disabled.
 - In groups of NV bit images other than the first one, when the printer processes *xL*, *xH*, *yL*, *yH* out of the defined range, it stops processing this command and starts writing into the NV images. At this time, NV bit images that haven_i⁻ t been defined are disabled (undefined), but any NV bit images before that are enabled.
 - The *d* indicates the definition data. In data (*d*) a 1 bit specifies a dot to be printed and a 0 bit specifies a dot not to be printed.
 - This command defines n as the number of a NV bit image. Numbers rise in order from NV bit image 01H. Therefore, the first data group [xL xH yL yH d1...dk] is NV bit image 01H, and the last data group [xL xH yL yH d1...dk] is NV bit image n. The total agrees with the number of NV bit images specified by command FS p.
 - A definition data of a NV bit image consists of [xL xH yL yH d1...dk]. Therefore, when only one NV bit image is defined n=1, the printer processes a data group [xL xH yL yH d1...dk] once. The printer uses ([data: $(xL + xH \times 256) \times (yL + yH \times 256) \times 8]$ + [header :4])bytes of NV memory.
 - The definition area in this printer is a maximum of 0.5M bits (64K bytes). This command can define several NV bit images, but cannot define a bit image data whose total capacity [bit image data + header] exceeds 0.5M bits (64K bytes).
- The printer is busy immediately before writing into NV memory.
 - The printer does not transmit ASB status and perform status detection during processing of this command even when ASB is specified.
 - When this command is received during macro definition, the printer ends macro definition, and begins performing this command.
 - Once a NV bit image is defined, it is not erased by performing **ESC** @, reset, and power off.
 - This command performs only definition of a NV bit image and does not perform printing.Printing of the NV bit image is performed by the **FS p** command.

[Details]

• Frequent write command execution may cause damage the NV memory. Therefore, it is recommended to write the NV memory 10 times or less a

day.

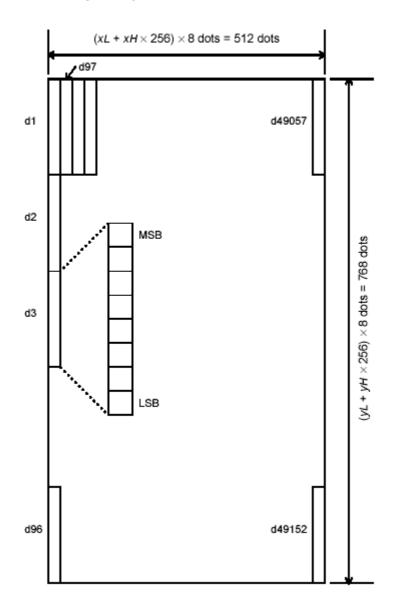
 The printer performs a hardware reset after the procedure to place the image into the NV memory. Therefore, user-defined characters, downloaded bit images, and macros should be defined only after completing this command. The printer clears the receive and print buffers and resets the mode to the mode that was in effect at power on. At this

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time, DIP switch settings are checked again.

[Reference] FS p

[Example] When xL = 64, xH = 0, yL = 96, yH = 0



<u>GS ! n (*)</u>

[Name]	Select character size							
[Format]	ASCII	GS	!	n				
	Hex	1D	21	n				
	Decimal	29	33	n				
[Range]	0 ≤ n ≤ 255							
	$(1 \le \text{vertical number of times} \le 8, 1 \le \text{horizontal number of times} \le 8)$							
[Description] Selects the character height using bits 0 to 2 and selects the character width								

using

bits 4 to 7, as follows:

Bit	Off/On	Hex	Decimal	Function	
0	Character	height sel	ection. See Table	2.	
1					
2					

3	
4	Character width selection. See Table 1.
5	
6	
7	

Table 1 Table 2

Character Width Selection

Hex	Decimal	Width
00	0	1(normal)
10	16	2(double-width)
20	32	3
30	48	4
40	64	5
50	80	6
60	96	7
70	112	8

Table 1 Table 2

Character Height Selection

Hex	Decimal	Width
00	0	1(normal)
10	16	2(double-height)
20	32	3
30	48	4
40	64	5
50	80	6
60	96	7
70	112	8

[Details]

 This command is all characters (alphanumeric and Kanji) effective except for HRI characters.

• If n is outside of the defined range, this command is ignored.

- In standard mode, the vertical direction is the paper feed direction, and the horizontal direction is perpendicular to the paper feed direction. However, when character orientation changes in 90° clockwise-rotation mode, the relationship between vertical and horizontal directions is reversed.
- In page mode, vertical and horizontal directions are based on the character orientation.
- When characters are enlarged with different sizes on one line, all the characters on the line are aligned at the baseline.
- The **ESC** ! command can also turn double-width and double-height modes on or off. However, the setting of the last received command is effective.

[Default] n = 0

[Reference] ESC !

GS \$ nL nH (*)

[Name] Set absolute vertical print position in page mode

[Format]	ASCII	GS	\$	nL	nH
	Hex	1D	24	nL	nH
	Decimal	29	36	nL	nH

[Range] $0 \le nL \le 255, 0 \le nH \le 255$

- [Description] Sets the absolute vertical print starting position for buffer character data in page mode.
 - This command sets the absolute print position to [(nL + nH × 256) × (vertical or horizontal motion unit)] inches.
- [Details] This command is effective only in page mode.
 - If the [(nL + nH × 256) × (vertical or horizontal motion unit)] exceeds the specified printing area, this command is ignored.
 - The horizontal starting buffer position does not move.
 - The reference starting position is that specified by ESC T.
 - This command operates as follows, depending on the starting position of the printing area specified by **ESC T**:

When the starting position is set to the upper left or lower right, this command sets the absolute position in the vertical direction.

⁽²⁾When the starting position is set to the upper right or lower left, this command sets the absolute position in the horizontal direction.

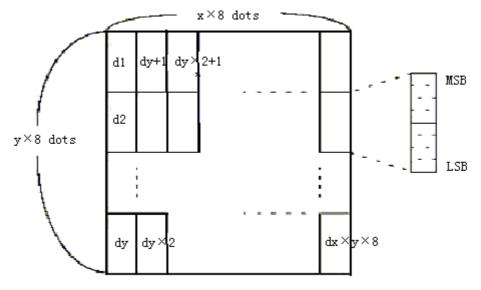
- The horizontal and vertical motion unit are specified by GS P.
- The **GS P** command can change the horizontal and vertical motion unit. However, the value cannot be less than the minimum horizontal movement amount, and it must be in even units of the minimum horizontal movement amount.

[Reference] ESC \$, ESC T, ESC W, ESC \, GS P, GS \

<u>GS * x y d1...d(x × y × 8)</u>

[Name]	Define dowr	nloaded b	it image	;				
[Format]	ASCII	GS	*	x	y	d1d(x $ imes$ y $ imes$ 8)		
	Hex	1D	2A	x	у	d1d(x $ imes$ y $ imes$ 8)		
	Decimal	29	42	x	у	d1d(x $ imes$ y $ imes$ 8)		
[Range]	$1 \le x \le 255$							
	1≤ <i>y</i> ≤48							
	<i>x</i> ≤ <i>y</i> ≤ 1536							
	$0 \le d \le 255$							
[Description]	 Defines a downloaded bit image using the number of dots specified by <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> <i>x</i> specifies the number of dots in the horizontal direction. <i>y</i> specifies the number of dots in the vertical direction. 							
[Details]	The numl	ber of dot	s in the	horiz	ontal	direction is x $ imes$ \cdot 8, in the vertical		
direction it								
	The <i>d</i> indic printed to (cates bit-in 0. oaded bit 0 is execut is execut	mage da image ted. ed.	ata. C)ata (this command is disabled. <i>d</i>) specifies a bit printed to 1 and not cleared when:		

- ④ Printer is reset or the power is turned off.
- The following figure shows the relationship between the downloaded bit image and the printed data.



[Reference]	GS /
-------------	------

<u>GS / m</u>				
[Name]	Print down	loaded bi	t image	
[Format]	ASCII	GS	/	т
	Hex	1D	2F	т
	Decimal	29	47	т
[Range]	$0 \le m \le 3, 4$	48 ≤ <i>m</i> ≤	51	
[Description]	Prints a do	wnloaded	l bit imag	ge using th

Description] Prints a downloaded bit image using the mode specified by *m*. *m* selects a mode from the table below:

т	Mode	Vertical Dot Density (DPI)	Horizontal Dot Density (DPI)
0, 48	Normal	200	200
1, 49	Double-width	200	100
2, 50	Double-height	100	200
3, 51	Quadruple	100	100

[Details]	 This command is ignored if a downloaded bit image has not been defined. In standard mode, this command is effective only when there is no data in the print buffer.
	 This command has no effect in the print modes (emphasized, double-strike, underline, character size, or white/black reverse printing), except forupsidedownprinting mode.
	 If the downloaded bit-image to be printed exceeds the printable area, the excess data is not printed.
	 Refer to Figure 3.12.3 for the downloaded bit image development position in page mode.
	 If the printing area width set by GS L and GS W is less than one line in vertical, the following processing is performed only on the line in question:
	 The printing area width is extended to the right up to one line in vertical. In this case, printing does not exceed the printable area.
	② If the printing area width cannot be extended by one line in vertical, the left

margin is reduced to accommodate one line in vertical.

<u>GS : (*)</u>							
[Name]	Start/end	macro	definition				
[Format]	ASCII	GS	:				
	Hex	1D	3A				
	Decimal	29	58				
[Description]	Starts or e	ends m	acro definition.				
[Details] operation.	 Macro definition starts when this command is received during normal 						
	Macro	definiti	ion ends when this command is received during macro				
definition.							
	 When GS ^ is received during macro definition, the printer ends macro definition and clears the definition. 						
	 Macro i 	s not d	lefined when the power is turned on.				
	 The def 	fined c	ontents of the macro are not cleared by ESC @. Therefore,				
	ESC @) can b	e included in the contents of the macro definition.				
	 If the pr 	rinter re	eceives GS : again immediately after previously receiving GS :				
	the prir	nter rei	mains in the macro undefined state.				
	 The cor 	ntents	of the macro can be defined up to 2048 bytes. If the macro				
	definiti	on exc	eed 2048 bytes, excess data is not stored.				
[Deference]							

[Reference] GS ^

GS	В	n	(*)

<u>GS B n</u>	(*)							
[Name]	Turn whi	te/black	k rever	se printing mode				
[Format]	ASCII	GS	В	n				
	Hex	1D	42	n				
	Decimal	29	66	n				
[Range]	$0 \le n \le 2$	55						
[Descriptio	n] Turns on	or off w	hite/bl	ack reverse printing mode.				
	 When the 	he LSB	of n is	0, white/black reverse mode is turned off.				
	 When the 	he LSB	of n is	31, white/black reverse mode is turned on.				
[Details]	 Only t 	he lowe	est bit c	of n is valid.				
	 This command is available for built-in characters and user-defined characters. 							
	 When w 	vhite/bla	ack rev	verse printing mode is on, it also applied to character				
	spacing	g set by	ESC	SP.				
	 This co 	mmand	does	not affect bit image, user-defined bit image, bar code, HRI				
	charac	ters, an	d spac	cing skipped by HT , ESC \$, and ESC \.				
	 This co 	This command does not affect the space between lines.						
	 White/b 	lack rev	verse r	mode has a higher priority than underline mode. Even if				
	underli	ne mod	le is or	n, it is disabled (but not canceled) when white/black				
reverse								
	mode i	s select	ted.					
[Default]	n = 0							
<u>GS H n</u>								
[Name]	Select prin	nting po	sition	for HRI characters				
[Format]	ASCII	GS	Н	n				
	Hex	1D	48	n				
	Decimal	29	72	n				

 $[Range] \qquad 0 \le n \le 3, \, 48 \le n \le 51$

[Description] Selects the printing position of HRI characters when printing a bar code. n selects the printing position as follows:

n	Printing position	
0, 48	Not printed	
1, 49	Above the bar code	
2, 50	Below the bar code	
3, 51	Both above and below the bar code	

• HRI indicates Human Readable Interpretation.

[Details] • HRI characters are printed using the font specified by **GS f**.

[Default] n = 0

[Reference] GS f, GS k

[Name]	Set left ma	argin							
[Format]	ASCII	GS	L	nL	nH				
	Hex	1D	4C	nL	nH				
	Decimal	29	76	nL	nH				
[Range]	$0 \le nL \le 25$	55							
	$0 \le nH \le 2$	55							
[Description]] Sets the le	eft margi	n using	nL and	d nH.				
	The left i Printable		s set to	[(<i>nL</i> +	nH $ imes$ ·	•256) $ imes$ •horizontal motion unit]] inches			
	Left marg		na area	width					
[Details]	-		-		ly proce	ssed at the beginning of the line in			
	standard	standard mode.							
		• If this command is input in page mode, the printer performs only internal flag							
		operations.This command does not affect printing in page mode.							
		 If the setting exceeds the printable area, the maximum value of the printable 							
		area is used.							
		• The horizontal and vertical motion units are specified by GS P. Changing the							
						s not affect the current left margin.			
		 The horizontal motion unit (x) is used for calculating the left margin. The calculated result is truncated to the minimum value of the mechanical pitch. 							
	Calculate	Juresun				infutitivatide of the meenanical pitch.			
L			Print	able :	area	. 1			
						₽			
	eft margin	\mathbf{T}_{P}	rintin	g are:	a width				
[Default]	nL = 0, nH	<i>I</i> = 0							
[Reference]	GS P, GS	S W							
GS P x y	(*)								
Name]	Set horizon	tal and	vertical	motio	n units				
Format]	ASCII (GS P	х	у					
	Hex 10			y					
	Decimal 2	9 80	х	v					
Bangel	Decimal 2 $0 \le x \le 255$	9 80	х	у					
Range]	$\begin{array}{ll} \text{Decimal} & 2\\ 0 \leq x \leq 255\\ 0 \leq y \leq 255 \end{array}$	9 80	x	у					

[Description]	Sets the horizontal and vertical motion units to approximately 25.4/ x mm { $1/x$
	inches} and approximately 25.4/ y mm {1/ y inches}, respectively.
	When x and y are set to 0, the default setting of each value is used.
[Details]	• The horizontal direction is perpendicular to the paper feed direction and the vertical direction is the paper feed direction.
	• In standard mode, the following commands use x or y, regardless of character rotation (upside-down or 90° clockwise rotation):
	①Commands using x: ESC SP, ESC \$, ESC FS S, GS L, GS W
	②Commands using y: ESC 3, ESC J, GS V
	 In page mode, the following command use x or y, depending on character orientation:
	①When the print starting position is set to the upper left or lower right of the
	printing area using $\mathbf{ESC} \mathbf{T}$ (data is buffered in the direction perpendicular to
	the paper feed direction):
	Commands using x: ESC SP, ESC \$, ESC W, ESC FS S
	Commands using y: ESC 3, ESC J, ESC W, GS \$, GS GS V
	2 When the print starting position is set to the upper right or lower left of the
	printing area using ESC T (data is buffered in the paper feed direction):
	Commands using x: ESC 3, ESC J, ESC W, GS \$, GS \
	Commands using y: ESC SP, ESC \$, ESC W, ESC FS S, GS V
	 The command does not affect the previously specified values.
	 The calculated result from combining this command with others is truncated
to	
	the minimum value of the mechanical pitch.
[Default]	x = 180, y = 360
[Reference]	ESC SP, ESC \$, ESC 3, ESC J, ESC W, ESC GS \$, GS L, GS V, GS W,

GS \

① GS V m ② GS V m n

[Name]	Select cut mode and cut paper							
[Format]	1)ASCII	GS	V	т				
	Hex	1D	56	т				
	Decimal	29	86	т				
	2 ASCII	GS	V	т	n			
	Hex	1D	56	т	n			
	Decimal	29	86	т	n			
[Range]	① <i>m</i> =1,49							
	2 m = 66, 0	$0 \le n \le 25$	55					
[Description]	Selects a m	ode for cu	utting pa	iper a	nd e	executes paper cutting. The value of m		
	and a star the second star of the second							

selects the mode as follows:

т	Print mode
0, 1, 49	Partial cut (one point left uncut)
66	Feeds paper (cutting position + [$n ightarrow \cdot$ (vertical motion unit)]), and cuts the paper partially
	(one point left uncut).

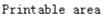
[Details for 1) and 2]

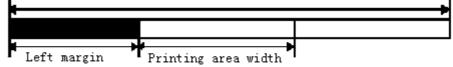
- This command is effective only processed at the beginning of a line.
- Only the partial cut is available; there is no full cut. [Details for (1)]
- [Details for 2] When n = 0, the printer feeds the paper to the cutting position and cuts it.
 - When n = 0, the printer feeds the paper to (cutting position + [$n \times \cdot$) vertical motion unit]) and cuts it.
 - The horizontal and vertical motion unit are specified by GS P.
 - The paper feed amount is calculated using the vertical motion unit (y). However, the value cannot be less than the minimum horizontal movement amount, and it must be in even units of the minimum horizontal movement amount.

GS W nL nH

[Name]	Set printing	g area wi	dth				_		
[Format]	ASCII	GS	W	nL	nH				
	Hex	1D	57	nL	nH				
	Decimal	29	87	nL	nH				
[Range]	$0 \le nL \le 25$	5							
	$0 \le nH \le 25$	55							
[Description]	Sets the pr	Sets the printing area width to the area specified by nL and nH.							
	 The print 	ing area	width is a	set to [$(nl \perp n)$	$H \times .256) \times .$ horizontal motion un	it11		

The printing area width is set to [($nL + nH \times \cdot 256$) $\times \cdot$ horizontal motion unit]] inches.





[Details]

- This command is effective only processed at the beginning of the line.
- In page mode, the printer performs only internal flag operations.
- This command does not affect printing in page mode.
- If the [left margin + printing area width] exceeds the printable area, [printable area width - left margin) is used.
- The horizontal and vertical motion units are specified by GS P. Changing the horizontal and vertical motion units does not affect the current left margin.
- The horizontal motion unit (x) is used for calculating the printing area width. The calculated result is truncated to the minimum value of the mechanical

pitch.

- If the width set for the printing area is less than the width of one character, when the character data is developed, the following processing is performed: 1) The printing area width is extended to the right to accommodate one character.
 - 2 If the printing area width cannot be extended sufficiently, the left margin is reduced to accommodate one character.
- 3 If the printing area width cannot be extended sufficiently, the right space is reduced.
- If the width set for the printing area is less than one line in vertical, the following processing is performed only on the line in question when data other than character data (e.g., bit image, user-defined bit image) is developed:
 - 1) The printing area width is extended to the right to accommodate one line in vertical for the bit image within the printable area.
 - 2 If the printing area width cannot be extended sufficiently, the left margin is reduced to accommodate one line in vertical.
- The commands which set the printing area width for bit image printing and its minimum widths are as follows:

	 Bit image (ESC *): Single density mode = 2 dots Double density mode = 1 dot Downloaded bit image (GS /):
	Double width mode or Quadruple mode = 2 dots Normal mode or Double-height mode = 1 dot
	 NV bit image (FS p):
	Double width mode or Quadruple mode = 2 dots Normal mode or Double-height mode = 1 dot
	 Raster bit image (GS r 0):
	Double width mode or Quadruple mode = 2 dots Normal mode or Double-height mode = 1 dot
[Default]	nL = 0, nH = 2
	For 58mm paper width model; $nL = 104$, $nH = 1$
[Reference]	GS L, GS P

GS ∖ *nL nH*

[Name]	Set relative	e vertical	print I	oositio	n in pac	e mode
[Format]	ASCII	GS	\	nL	nH	
	Hex	1D	5C	nL	nH	
	Decimal	29	92	nL	nH	
[Range]	$0 \le nL \le 2$	55				
	$0 \le nH \le 2$	255				
[Descriptio	n] Sets the re	elative ve	ertical	print st	tarting p	osition from the current position in page
mode.						
	 This corr 	nmand s	ets the	e distar	nce from	the current position to [($nL + nH \times 256$)
	imes verti	cal or ho	rizonta	al moti	on unit]	
[Details]	 This con 	nmand is	s ignor	ed unl	ess pag	e mode is selected.
	 When pit 	tch <i>N</i> is s	specifi	ed to t	he mov	ement downward:
	nL + nH	$I \times 256$	= N			
	When p	itch <i>N</i> is	specif	ied to	the mov	vement upward (the negative direction),
use the						
	•	ment of 6				
	•		•			vement upward:
		I × 256				
	-	-			•	d printing area is ignored.
	 This corr 	nmand fu	Inction	as fol	lows, de	epending on the print starting position set
by ESC T:						
		ne startir	ig pos	ition is	set to t	ne upper left or lower right of the printing,
the vertical						
		unit (<i>y</i>) is				
	when the	ne startir	ig posi	ition is	set to t	ne upper right or lower left of the printing
area, the				(
		tal motio		. ,		it are apparised by CC D
						it are specified by GS P .
					-	horizontal (and vertical) motion unit.
	Howeve	er, the va	lue ca	nnot b	e iess t	nan the minimum horizontal movement

amount, and it must be in even units of the minimum horizontal movement

amount.

[Reference] ESC \$, ESC T, ESC W, ESC \, GS \$, GS P

<u>GS ^ r t m (*)</u>

[Name]	Execute	macı	ro –						
[Format]	ASCII	GS	۸	r	t	m			
	Hex	1D	5E	r	t	m			
	Decimal	29	94	r	t	m			
[Range]	Range] $0 \le r \le 255$								
	$0 \le t \le 25$	5							
	m = 0, 1								
[Description	on] Execute	es a m	acro.						
	• r spec	cifies tl	he nu	mbe	er of	times to execute the macro.			
	 t spec 	cifies th	ne wa	iting	g tim	e for executing the macro.			
	• m spe	ecifies	macr	o ex	ecu	ting mode.			
	Whe	n the L	SB o	f m	= 0:				
	The I	macro	exec	utes	r tir	mes continuously at the interval specified by t.			
	Whe	n the L	SB o	f m	= 1:				
	After	waitin	g for	the	perio	od specified by t, the PAPER OUT LED indicators			
	blink	and th	ne prii	nter	wait	ts for the FEED button to be pressed. After the			
	butto	n is pr	esse	d, th	e pr	inter executes the macro once. The printer			
	repea	ats the	oper	atio	n r ti	imes.			
[Details]	• The v	vaiting	time	is t	× 10	00 ms for every macro execution.			
	 If this command is received while a macro is being defined, the macro definition 								
is aborted and the definition is cleared.If the macro is not defined or if r is 0, nothing is executed.									
	FEEI	D butto	on.						
·	1 00								

[Reference] **GS**:

<u>GS a n (*)</u>

[Name]	Enable/Disable Automatic Status Back (ASB)								
[Format]	ASCII	GS	а	n					
	Hex	1D	61	n					
	Decimal	29	97	n					
[Range]	0 ≤ <i>n</i> ≤255								
Descriptio	n] Enables or d	lisahles	ASB a	ind sh	ecifies the status items to include using <i>n</i> as				

[Description] Enables or disables ASB and specifies the status items to include, using *n* as follows:

Bit	Off/On	Hex	Decimal	Status for ASB
0	Off	00	0	Drawer kick-out connector pin 3 status
				disabled.
	On	01	1	Drawer kick-out connector pin 3 status
				enabled.
1	-	-	-	Undefined.
2	Off	00	0	Error status disabled.
	On	04	4	Error status enabled.

	3	Off	00	0	Paper roll sensor status disabled.
		On	08	8	Paper roll sensor status enabled.
2	4-7	-	-	-	Undefined.

[Details] • If any of the status items in the table above are enabled, the printer transmits the status when

this command is executed. The printer automatically transmits the status whenever the enabled status item changes. The disabled status items may change, in this case, because each status transmission represents the current status.

- If all status items are disabled, the ASB function is also disabled.
- If the ASB is enabled as a default, the printer transmits the status when the printer data reception and transmission is possible at the first time from when the printer is turned on.
- The following four status bytes are transmitted without confirming whether the

host is ready to

receive data. The four status bytes must be consecutive, except for the XOFF

code.

- Since this command is executed after the data is processed in the receive buffer, there may be a time lag between data reception and status transmission.
- When the printer is disabled by **ESC =** (Select peripheral device), the four status

bytes are

transmitted whenever the status changes.

 When using DLE EOT, GS I, or GS r, the status transmitted by these commands and ASB status must be differentiated, according to the procedure in Appendix G, *Transmission Status Identification*.

<u>GSfn (*)</u>

[Format]

[Name] Select font for Human Readable Interpretation (HRI) charact
--

ASCII	GS	f	п
Hex	1D	66	n
Decimal	29	102	п

[Range] n = 0, 1, 48, 49

[Description] Selects a font for the HRI characters used when printing a bar code.

n selects a font from the following table:

n	Font
0, 48	Font A (12 · 24)
1, 49	Font B (9 · 17)

[Details] . HRI indicates Human Readable Interpretation.

. HRI characters are printed at the position specified by GS H.

[Default] n = 0

[Reference] GSH, GSk

<u>GS h n</u>

[Name]	Select b	oar code	e heig	jht
[Format]	ASCII	GS	h	n

	Hex	1D	68	n		
	Decimal	29	104	n		
[Range]	$1 \le n \le 25$	5				
[Description]	Selects th	e hei	ght of	the b	ar code.	
	n specifies the number of dots in the vertical direction.					
[Default]	n = 162					
[Reference]	GS k					

<u>(1)GS k m d1...dk NUL</u> (2)GS k m n d1..dn

[Name]	Pri	nt bar code	e						
[Format]	1) /	ASCII	GS	ł	<	т		d1dk	NUL
	F	lex	1D	6E	3	т		d1dk	00
	D	ecimal	29	10	7	т		d1dk	0
	2	ASCII		GS	k		т	п	d1dn
		Hex		1D	6B		т	п	d1dn
		Decimal		29	107		т	п	d1dn
[D]		0 4 11 4 0	/1						

[Range]

(1) $0 \le m \le 6$ (k and d depends on the bar code system used)

② $65 \le m \le 73$ (*n* and *d* depends on the bar code system used)

[Description] Selects a bar code system and prints the bar code.

m selects a bar code system as follows:

	m	Bar Code System	Number of Characters	Remarks
	0	UPC-A	11 ≤ k ≤ 12	48 ≤ d ≤ 57
	1	UPC-E	11 ≤ k ≤ 12	48 ≤ d ≤ 57
	2	JAN13 (EAN13)	12 ≤ k ≤ 13	48 ≤ d ≤ 57
	3	JAN8 (EAN8)	7 ≤ k ≤ 8	48 ≤ d ≤ 57
				45 ≤ d ≤ 57,
				65 ≤ d ≤ 90,
1	4	CODE39	1 ≤ k ≤ 255	d = 32, 36, 37, 43,
(I)				45, 46, 47
				d = 42
	5	ITF	$1 \le k \le 255$ (even number)	48 ≤ d ≤ 57
				48 ≤ d ≤ 57,
	6	CODABAR	1 ≤ k ≤ 255	65 ≤ d ≤ 68,
	6	CODADAN	$1 \leq K \leq 200$	d = 36, 43, 45, 46,
				47, 58
	65	UPC-A	11 ≤ n ≤ 12	48 ≤ d ≤ 57
	66	UPC-E	11 ≤ n ≤ 12	48 ≤ d ≤ 57
	67	JAN13 (EAN13)	12 ≤ n ≤ 13	48 ≤ d ≤ 57
	68	JAN8 (EAN8)	7 ≤ n ≤ 8	48 ≤ d ≤ 57
0				45 ≤ d ≤ 57,
2				65 ≤ d ≤ 90,
	69	CODE39	1 ≤ n ≤ 255	d = 32, 36, 37, 43, 45, 46,
				47
				d = 42
	70	ITF	$1 \le n \le 255$ (even number)	48 ≤ d ≤ 57

		_		
	71	CODABAR	1 ≤ n ≤ 255	48 ≤ d ≤ 57,
				65 ≤ d ≤ 68,
				d = 36, 43, 45, 46,
				47, 58
	72	CODE93	1 ≤ n ≤ 255	0 ≤ d ≤ 127
	73	CODE128	2 ≤ n ≤ 255	0 ≤ d ≤ 127
[Deta	ils for	1]		
		. This command	l ends with a NUL code.	
		. When the bar	code system used is UPC-	A or UPC-E, the printer prints the bar
code	data			
		receiving 12 l	oytes bar code data and pr	ocesses the following data as normal
data.				- /
	- (1	. When the bar	code system used is JAN1	3 (EAN13), the printer prints the bar
code	atter	reaching 10	autoo har aada data and ar	economic the following data as permal
data.		receiving 131	bytes bar code data and pr	ocesses the following data as normal
uala.		When the bar	code svetem used is JAN8	(EAN8), the printer prints the bar code
after		. When the bar		
anor		receivina 8 b	vtes bar code data and pro	cesses the following data as normal
data.			, i	5
		. The number of	f data for ITF bar code mus	st be even numbers. When an odd
numb	per of	data		
		is input, the p	rinter ignores the last rece	ived data.
[Deta	ils for	2]		
		. <i>n</i> indicates the	number of bar code data,	and the printer processes <i>n</i> bytes from
the n	ext			
			a as bar code data.	
		. If <i>n</i> is outside o	of the specified range, the	printer stops command processing and
proce	esses	the falls for		
[Dete	ile in	-	data as normal data.	
lDela	lis in :	standard mode]	of the energified range, the r	printer only feeds paper and processes
the fo	Mowir		or the specified range, the p	onnier only leeds paper and processes
		data as norm	al data.	
				a, the printer only feeds the paper.
				s required to print the bar code,
regar	dless	of the		
-		line spacing s	specified by ESC 2 or ESC	3.
		. This command	is enabled only when no o	data exists in the print buffer. When
data	exists	in		
		the print buffe	er, the printer processes th	e data following <i>m</i> as normal data.
		. After printing b	ear code, this command se	ts the print position to the beginning of
the lir	ne.			
-		. This command	l is not affected by print mo	odes (emphasized, double-strike,
unde	rline,			
		character size	e, white/black reverse print	ing, or 90° rotated character, etc.),

except for
upside-down printing mode.
[Details in page mode]
. This command develops bar code data in the print buffer, but does not print it.
After
processing bar code data, this command moves the print position to the right
side dot of the
bar code.
. If d is out of the specified range, the printer stops command processing and
processes the
following data as normal data. In this case the data buffer position does not
change.
. If bar code width exceeds the printing area, the printer does not print the bar
code but moves
the data buffer position to the left side out of the printing area.
When CODE93 ($m = 72$) is used:
. The printer prints an HRI character () as start character at the beginning of the
HRI
character string.
. The printer prints an HRI character () as a stop character at the end of the HRI
character
string.
. The printer prints HRI characters (\clubsuit + an alphabetic character) as a control
character (<00>H to <1F>H and <7F>H):

<u>GSrn (*)</u>

[Name]	Transmit status				
[Format]	ASCII	GS	r	п	
	Hex	1D	72	n	
	Decimal	29	114	п	

[Range] n = 1, 2, 49, 50

[Description] Transmits the status specified by *n* as follows:

r	า	Function
1	l, 49	Transmits paper sensor status
2	2, 50	Transmits drawer kick-out connector status

[Details] . When using a serial interface

When DTR/DSR control is selected, the printer transmits only 1 byte after confirming the host is ready to receive data (DSR signal is SPACE). If the host computer is not ready to receive data (DSR signal is MARK), the printer waits until the host is ready.

When XON/XOFF control is selected, the printer transmits only 1 byte without confirming the condition of the DSR signal.

. This command is executed when the data in the receive buffer is developed. Therefore, there may be a time lag between receiving this command and transmitting the status, depending on the receive buffer status.

. When Auto Status Back (ASB) is enabled using GS a, the status transmitted by GS r

and the ASB status must be differentiated using the table in Appendix G.

. The status types to be transmitted are shown below:

Paper sensor status (n = 1, 49):

Bit	Off/On	Hex	Decimal	Status for ASB
0,1	Off	00	0	Paper roll near-end sensor: paper adequate.
	On	03	3	Paper roll near-end sensor: paper near end.
2,3	Off	00	0	Paper roll end sensor: paper adequate.
	On	0C	12	Paper roll near-end sensor: paper near end.
4	Off	00	0	Not used. Fixed to Off.
5,6	-	-	-	Undefined.
7	Off	00	0	Not used. Fixed to Off.

Bits 2 and 3: When the paper end sensor detects a paper end, the printer goes offline

and does not execute this command. Therefore, bits 2 and 3 do not transmit the status of paper end.

Bit	Off/On	Hex	Decimal	Status for ASB
0	Off	00	0	Drawer kick-out connector pin 3 is LOW.
	On	01	1	Paper roll near-end sensor: paper near end.
1-3	-	-	-	Undefined.
4	Off	00	0	Not used. Fixed to Off.
5,6	-	-	-	Undefined.
7	Off	00	0	Not used. Fixed to Off.

GS v 0 m xL xH vL vH d1....dk

[Name]	Print raster bit image					
[Format]	ASCII GS	Sv 0m x	L xH yL yH d1dk			
	Hex 1	D 76 30 m	xL xH yL yH d1dk			
	Decimal 2	29 118 48 m	xL xH yL yH d1dk			
[Range]	$0 \le m \le 3, 4$	48 ≤ m ≤ 51				
	$0 \le xL \le 25$	5				
	$0 \le xH \le 25$	55				
	$0 \le yL \le 25$	5				
	0 ≤ d ≤255					
	$k = (xL + xH \times 256) \times (yL + yH \times 256) (k \neq 0)$					
[Description]	Selects Ra	ster bit-image mode.	The value of m selects the r	node, as follows:		
	m	Mode	Vertical Dot Density	Horizontal Dot ensity		
	0, 48	Normal	200 DPI	200 DPI		
	1, 49	Double-width	200 DPI	100 DPI		
	2, 50	Double-height	100 DPI	200 DPI		
	3, 51	Quadruple	100 DPI	100 DPI		
	• xL, xH,	• xL, xH, select the number of data bits (xL+ xH×256) in the horizontal				
	direction for the bit image.					
	• yL, yH, select the number of data bits ($yL+ yH \times 256$) in the vertical direction					
	for the bit image.					
[Details]	 In stand 	ard mode, this comm	and is effective only when th	ere is no data in		
the						
	print buff	print buffer.				

	 This command has no effect in all print modes (character size, emphasized, double-strike, upside-down, underline, white/black reverse printing, etc.) for
	raster bit image.
	 If the printing area width set by GS L and GS W is less than the minimum
width,	
	the printing area is extended to the minimum width only on the line in
question.	
	The minimum width means 1 dot in normal (m=0, 48) and double-height
(m=2,	
	 50), 2 dots in double-width (m=1, 49) and quadruple (m=3, 51) modes. Data outside the printing area is read in and discarded on a dot-by-dot basis. The position at which subsequent characters are to be printed for raster bit image is specified by HT (Horizontal Tab), ESC \$ (Set absolute print
position),	
,,,	ESC \ (Set relative print position), and GS L (Set left margin). If the position
at	
	which subsequent characters are to be printed is not a multiple of 8, print
speed	
	may decline.
	• The ESC a (Select justification) setting is also effective on raster bit images.
	When this command is received during macro definition, the printer ends
macro	
	definition, and begins performing this command. The definition of this command should be cleared.
	• d indicates the bit-image data. Set time a bit to 1 prints a dot and setting it to
0	
	does not print a dot.

<u>GS w n</u>

[Name]	Set bar code width			
[Format]	ASCII	GS	w	n
	Hex	1D	77	п
	Decimal	29	119	п

[Range] 2≤ *n*≤6

[Description] Set the horizontal size of the bar code.

n specifies the bar code width as follows:

n	Module Width (mm) for	Binary-leve	l bar codes
	Multi-level Bar Code	Thin element width (mm)	Thick element width (mm)
2	0.25	0.25	0.625
3	0.375	0.375	1.0
4	0.5	0.5	1.25
5	0.625	0.625	1.625
6	0.75	0.75	1.875

. Multi-level bar codes are as follows:

UPC-A, UPC-E, JAN13 (EAN13), JAN8 (EAN8), CODE93, CODE128

. Binary-level bar codes are as follows:

CODE39, ITF, CODABAR

[Default] n = 3[Reference] **GS k**

<u>FS ! n</u>

[Name]	Set print n	node(s) f	ior Kanji cha	racters
[Format]	ASCII	FS	!	п
	Hex	1C	21	п
	Decimal	28	33	п
[Range]	0 ≤ <i>n</i> ≤ 255	5		

[Description] Sets the print mode for Kanji characters, using n as follows:

Bit	Off/On	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	-	-	-	Undefined.
1	-	-	-	Undefined.
2	Off	00	0	Double-width mode is OFF.
	On	04	4	Double-width mode is ON.
3	Off	00	•	Double-height mode is OFF.
	On	08	8	Double-height mode is ON.
4	-	-	-	Undefined.
5	-	-	-	Undefined.
6	-	-	-	Undefined.
7	Off	00	0	Underline mode is OFF.
	On	80	128	Underline mode is ON.

[Details] and

When both double-width and double-height modes are set (including right-

left-side character spacing), quadruple-size characters are printed.

- The printer can underline all characters (including right- and left-side character spacing), but cannot underline the space set by **HT** and 90° clockwise-rotated characters.
- The thickness of the underline is that specified by $\textbf{FS} \ \cdot,$ regardless of the character size.
- When some of the characters in a line are double or more height, all the characters on the line are aligned at the baseline.
- It is possible to emphasize the Kanji character using **FS W** or **GS** !, the setting of the last received command is effective.
- It is possible to turn under line mode on or off using FS \cdot , and the setting of the last received command is effective.

[Default] n = 0

[Reference] FS -, FS W, GS !

<u>FS &</u>

[Name]	Select Kan	ji cha	aracter mode	
[Format]	ASCII	FS	&	
	Hex	1C	26	
	Decimal	28	38	
[Descriptio	n] Selects K	anji d	character mode	•
[Reference	e] FS ., FS C	;		

<u>FS – n</u>

[Name]	Turn underl	ine mode	on/off for	Kanji characters				
[Format]	ASCII	FS	-	n				
	Hex	1C	2D	n				
	Decimal	28	45	n				
[Range]	$0 \le n \le 2, 48$	$3 \le n \le 50$						
[Description]	Turns under	rline mode	for Kanji	characters on or off, based on the following				
values								
	of <i>n</i> .							
	n	Function						
	0, 48	Turns off underline mode for Kanji characters						
	1, 49	Turns on	underline	mode for Kanji characters (1-dot thick)				
	2, 50	Turns on	underline	mode for Kanji characters (2-dot thick)				
[Details]	 The printer can underline all characters (including right- and left-side character spacing), but cannot underline the space set by HT and 90° clockwise-rotated characters. After the underline mode for Kanji characters is turned off by setting <i>n</i> to 0, underline printing is no longer performed, but the previously specified underline thickness is not changed. The default underline thickness is 1 dot. The specified line thickness does not change even when the character size changes. It is possible to turn underline mode on or off using FS !, and the last received command is effective. 							
[Default]	<i>n</i> = 0							
[Reference]	FS !							

FS.

[Name]	Cancel k	Kanji d	character mode	
[Format]	ASCII	FS		
	Hex	1C	2E	
	Decimal	28	46	
[Descriptio	n] Cancel	s Kan	iji character mode.	

[Reference] FS &, FS C

<u>FS 2 c1 c2 d1...dk</u>

[Name]	Define use	r-defined K	anji cha	racter	S	
[Format]	ASCII	FS	2	c1	c2	d1dk
	Hex	1C	32	с1	с2	d1dk
	Decimal	28	50	с1	с2	d1dk
[Range]	<i>c1</i> and <i>c2</i> ir	ndicate cha	aracter c	odes	for the	e defined characters. The range of

values for c1 and c2 differ depending on the character code system used.

Model type	c1	c2
Japanese Kanji supporting model	<i>c1</i> = 77H	21H <i>≤c2</i> ≤7EH
(JIS code system)		
Japanese Kanji supporting model	<i>c1</i> = ECH	$40H \le c2 \le 7EH$
(SHIFT-JIS code system)		$80H \le c2 \le 9EH$
Chinese Kanji supporting model	<i>c1</i> = FEH	$A1H \le c2 \le FEH$
Taiwanese Kanji supporting model	<i>c1</i> = FEH	A1H≤c2 ≤ FEH

k = 72

[Description] Defines user-defined Kanji characters for the character codes specified by *c1* and

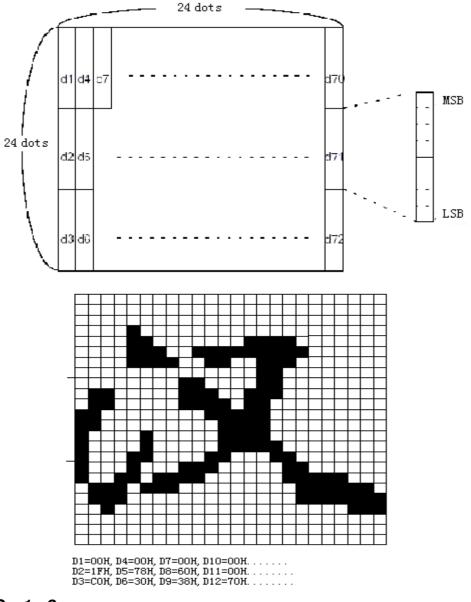
- *c1* and *c2* indicate character codes for the defined characters. *c1* specifies for the first byte, and *c2* for the second byte.
- *d* indicates the dot data. Set a corresponding bit to 1 to print a dot or to 0 to not print a dot.
- [Default] All spaces.

FS C

с2.

[Reference]

[Details]



<u>FS S n1 n2</u>

[Name]	Set left- an	d right-sid	de Kanji c	haracter	er spacing	
[Format]	ASCII	FS	S	n 1	n2	
	Hex	1C	53	n 1	n2	
	Decimal	28	83	n 1	n2	
[Range]	0 ≤ <i>n</i> 1 ≤ 255					
	$0 \le n 2 \le 25$	55				
[Description]	 Sets left- and right-side Kanji character spacing <i>n1</i> and <i>n2</i>, respectively. When the printer model used supports GS P, the left-side character spacing is 					

	[$n1$ $ imes$ ho	orizontal	or vertical	motion units], and the right-side character spacing	J
is [Details]	 When d twice the The horiz specified motion ur The value must be ii In standa In page m dependin When printa When printa 	louble-wi normal v ontal and characte hit is char cannot n even u rd mode, node, the g on star the start ble area the start ble area naximum oximately	dth mode value. d vertical r r spacing nged using be less th nits of the the horiz horizonta ting positic using ES right-side 35.983 m	motion units]. is set, the left- and right-side character spacing is notion units are set by GS P . The previously does not change, even if the horizontal or vertical GS P . an the minimum horizontal movement amount, and minimum horizontal movement amount. ontal motion unit is used. I or vertical motion unit differs in page mode, on of the printable area as follows: n is set to the upper left or lower right of the C T , the horizontal motion unit (x) is used. n is set to the upper right or lower left of the C T , the vertical motion unit (y) is used. spacing is 255/180 inches for the paper roll and is m {255/150 inches}. Any setting exceeding the o the maximum automatically.	
[Default]	n1 = 0, n2 =			nie maximum automatically.	
[Reference]	GS P	-			
[
FS W <i>n</i>					
FS W <i>n</i> [Name]	Turn quadru	ple-size r	node on/c	ff for Kanji characters	-
	Turn quadru ASCII	ple-size r FS	mode on/c W	ff for Kanji characters n	-
[Name]				•	-
[Name]	ASCII	FS	W	n	-
[Name]	ASCII Hex	FS 1C	W 57	n n	_
[Name] [Format]	ASCII Hex Decimal $0 \le n \le 255$	FS 1C 28	W 57 87	n n	_
[Name] [Format] [Range]	ASCII Hex Decimal 0 ≤ n ≤ 255 Turns quadru • When the • When the • Only the le • In quadru double-w • When qua character • When son on the line • FS ! or G	FS 1C 28 uple-size LSB of 1 bowest bit uple-size idth and adruple-size s are prin me of the e are alig S ! can a bight and	W 57 87 mode on n is 0, qua n is 1, qua of <i>n</i> is va mode, the double-he size mode thed in no e characte ned at the lso select double-w	n n n n or off for Kanji characters. druple-size mode for Kanji characters is turned off druple-size mode for Kanji characters is turned on d. printer prints the same size characters as when ght modes are both turned on. is turned off using this command, the following	Ι.
[Name] [Format] [Range] [Description]	ASCII Hex Decimal 0 ≤ n ≤ 255 Turns quadru • When the • When the • Only the le • In quadru double-w • When quadru character • When son on the line • FS ! or G double-he	FS 1C 28 uple-size LSB of 1 bowest bit uple-size idth and adruple-size s are prin me of the e are alig S ! can a bight and	W 57 87 mode on n is 0, qua n is 1, qua of <i>n</i> is va mode, the double-he size mode thed in no e characte ned at the lso select double-w	n n n n n n n or off for Kanji characters. druple-size mode for Kanji characters is turned off druple-size mode for Kanji characters is turned off druple-size mode for Kanji characters is turned on d. printer prints the same size characters as when ght modes are both turned on. is turned off using this command, the following mal size. s on a line are different in height, all the characters baseline. and cancel quadruple-size mode by selecting	I.